INSURANCE

Non-Indian companies started in 1919 are writing four times their paid-up capital.

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZE SHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913 REGD. NO. B 1068.

INSURANCE

The reason being that their people are solidly supporting them.

VOL. XVIII NO. 25— BOMBAY WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1930 PRICE ONE ANNA

SPECIAL SESSION OF CONGRESS SUGGESTED?

THE FLAG OF FREEDOM HAS BEEN HOISTED."

President Jawaharlal Congratulates The Nation On Its Resolve.

"I RESPECT RED FLAG."

"But Shall Not Tolerate Insult To National Flag."

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 28.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Congress, has issued the following statement to the Press:—

Reports from all over the country show how magnificently the Independence Day was celebrated by all classes and I must respectfully congratulate the nation on the success of the solemn and orderly demonstrations. Town and village vied with each other in showing their enthusiastic adherence to Independence.

In the great cities led by Calcutta and Bombay, scores of thousands met and took the great resolve and in the countryside thousands of villagers assembled at numerous village meetings. In Lahore the Congress spoke on behalf of the nation and proclaimed complete Independence as our immediate objective on the Independence day.

FLAG OF FREEDOM HOISTED.

It was the nation itself that spoke India herself with a million voices taking the pledge of Independence and the resolve to sever the British connection which had ruined her in so many ways. The pledge has been taken. The flag of freedom has been hoisted. Let no one who has taken that pledge forget it or waken in his resolve and let no one do anything which may bring dishonour to the National flag. In the midst of these national rejoicings I have read with pain and surprise of the slight disturbance that marred the great Bombay demonstration. I do not know all the facts and, therefore, I hesitate to draw any conclusion or to say much. But I cannot permit any attempt to dishonour the national flag by whosoever committed, to pass unnoticed.

"I RESPECT THE RED FLAG."

There is and should be no rivalry between our National tri-colour flag and the workers' Red flag. I honour and respect the Red flag, because it represents the blood and suffering of the workers and our tri-colour flag, if it stands for anything, stands for the freedom of the masses of India from exploitation. To-day it is the symbol of independence, the outer emblem of the yearning in our hearts, the sight of which floating bravely and proudly against the blue Indian sky fills us with gladness and gives us strength and hope to go forward and win.

WE SHALL NOT TOLERATE ANY INSULT TO OUR FLAG.

We shall tolerate no dishonour to that flag from any country or from any individual whether he is an Indian or a foreigner. We shall protect it and defend it with full determination and with the last ounce of strength and energy in us. Those that may attack it and seek to dishonour it shall be none of us and with them we shall have nothing in common. The pledge of independence has been taken. Let us work to redeem it with right good will".—Free Press.

"NEVER MEANT TO INSULT NATIONAL FLAG."

What Happened At Chaupatty Meeting.

D FLAG UNION OFFICIALS' VERSION.

following statement has ssued to the press over the ures of Mr. G. S. Kandalkar r. S. V. Deshpande Presidd General Secretary respecof the Girni Kamgar Union ng the flag incident wpatty:—

and misleading reports ppeared in the Press and mours are being spread in about the behaviour of d Flaggers" at the Inde- Day demonstrations at tty. The facts are as

extile workers could not te in the demonstrations horning as the Annual Meeting of the Girni Union which had long rdue was to be held at 8 e bearers for the current elected at this meeting ng dispersed at 1-30 st scenes of great en-

meeting of workers was bag at 3 p.m. when ere delivered explaining ance of the Indepen-

RS CONTINGENT.

d of the meeting a procession, about 2000 strong started for Chowpatty carrying Red banners with slogans "Independence must mean Workers and Peasants Republic." "Down with Capitalism and Landlordism" etc.

The procession halted for ten minutes at the Arthur Road Jail and sang the International (Arise Ye prisoners of starvation) and there were repeated shouts of 'Comrade Ranadive Ki Jay etc. The procession was histily cheered as it entered It reached Chowpatty at 5-30 p.m.

REFUSED PERMISSION TO APPROACH PLATFORM.

We, the undersigned, who were at the head of the procession asked the volunteers who were guarding the entrance of the meeting at Chowpatty to allow us to go to the platform to plant the Red Flag and to make arrangements for the processionists to sit. The volunteers pushed us back, and as we could not see any responsible Officer of the Volunteers or the Congress Committee present there, forced our way to the platform. We took care, however, to the workers to stop near the entrance.

(Continued on page 8).

POLICE RAIDS IN CALCUTTA.

—:o:—

Youth League Office Searched.

BOOKS SEIZED.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

Vigorous searches are going on throughout the Province in connection with the alleged recent find of explosives in Calcutta. The police yesterday searched the office of the "Tarun Sangha" (Youth Association) at Kalighat and seized a list of its members and several other books.

The hostel of the Utterpara College was also searched and a copy of the book entitled "Youth Movement in China" and a printed copy of the book entitled "Non-co-operation Movement" and several manuscripts were seized.

News from Barisal state that there also the Police searched the shop of Mr. Natilal Das-Gupta and another house., in this connection but nothing is reported to have been found.—Free Press.

"STONE WALLS DO NOT A PRISON MAKE."

—:o:—

Independence Day Observed In Jails.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

"Liberty" of Calcutta understands that Subhas Chandra Bose, Kiransankar Roy, Dr. J. M. Das-Gupta and other Congress workers celebrated the Independence Day in the Alipur Central Jail.

It is further stated that Bejoy Roy, leader of the Banda Billa Satyagraha and his comrades also celebrated the Independenoe Day in the Jessore Jail.—Free Press.

Situation At Dacca Improves.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

There was a distinct improvement in communal situation at Dacca. The Police patrolling is still continuing. At the 'Peace conference' called together by the Magistrate, a committee of seven Hindus and seven Moslems was formed to promote good feeling between the different communities.—Free Press.

"PHILOSOPHY OF BOMB" PROSCRIBED.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

Bengal Government Gazette Extraordinary has declared forfeited a leaflet entitled "The Hindusthan Socialist Republican Association Manifesto—the Philosophy of Bomb" as it contains seditious matter.—Free Press.

Calcutta Congress Volunteers Fined.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

Satya Gupta, Deben Bose, and Hiralaldey, Officers of the Congress Volunteer Crops are sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 10 each by the Alipore Magistrate in connection with their leading a procession in South Calcutta, on January 10, when the Volunteers carried lathies in contravention of the Police Notification not to do so.

It will be remembered that Satyagupta and Deben Bose are already undergoing one year's rigorous imprisonment along with Subhas Chandra Bose and others in connection with the procession on the Political Sufferes' day. The fine will be realised by a Distress warrant, if unpaid within one month.—Free Press.

Porsessing Pistol Without License.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

Mr. Robert Trotter, an Engineer of the S. S. "Maimyo" was arrested yesterday for being in possession of an automatic pistol and six cartridges without a license.—Free Press.

COTTON BALES ON FIRE.

—:o:—

Heavy Loss To Bombay Merchant.

MORE THAN RS. 1 LAKH INVOLVED.

Cotton bales to the value of more than a lakh of rupees have been destroyed in a big fire that broke out at Cotton Green, Reay Road, on Tuesday afternoon.

It appears that about 2 p.m. smoke was seen issuing from a cotton godown No. 171 at Sewri and information was given to the Fire Brigade. Three fire-engines from Byculla and one from Sewri hurried to the spot, and the fire was brought under control after a hard struggle. About 1,900 bales of cotton were gutted. The cotton belonged to Mr. Fhirojshaw Rustomji Vakharia which is covered by insurance.

The cause of the fire is not known.

SPECIAL CONGRESS SESSION?

—:o:—

A Lucknow Report.

LUCKNOW, Jan. 27.

The "Free Press" reliably understands that, in view of the situation created owing to a poor response made by the legislators returned on Congress ticket to withdraw both from the Central and Provincial Legislatures, a special session of the Congress will be called in the near future. There is a strong opinion here in Congress circles that the present programme adopted by the Lahore Congress instead of inviting Congressmen in order to give an organised fight to the Bureaucracy has created too many divisions in Congress camp. The only solution, political circles opine, is to call a special session of the Congress and decide some programme.—Free Press.

BARRACKPORE CONGRESS PRESIDENT ON HUNGER-STRIKE.

—:o:—

Refuses To Be Treated.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

Jagannath Prasad Singh, President, Barrackpore Congress Committee, who had been sentenced to one year's imprisonment, for disseminating sedition is reported to have gone on hunger strike since Sunday as a protest against the refusal of the authorities to treat nim as Special Class prisoner.—Free Press.

SATIN SEN IN JAIL HOSPITAL.

—:o:—

Loses 33 Lbs. In Weight.

MIDNAPUR, Jan. 23.

Satin Sen who was transferred here on the 17th instant, and who had gone on hunger-strike since the 8th instant, is now in the Jail hospital. Mr. Hemchandra Sen, his cousin who interviewed him yesterday morning found that he was taking only lemon, sugar and water. He is stated to be suffering from slight burning sensation in the chest and disturbance of sleep at night. His present weight is 113 lbs. and he has lost 33 lbs. since his arrest.—Free Press.

Calcutta Youth Association Searched.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Jan. 27.

The office of the Tarun Sanghya (Youth Association) at Kalighat was searched by the police and the list of members and several books were seized.—A.P.

NAVAL CONFERENCE

—:o:—

Plenary Session To Meet On Jan 30.

'STEERING" COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

LONDON, Jan. 28.

The Naval Conference met for an hour and three-quarters this morning and resumed discussions on the agenda for the next plenary Conference. Immediately thereafter the whole British delegation, including all Dominions, met in the Committee room.

To-day's meeting of the principal delegates continued discussion on the procedure and decided that next plenary session should ratify the appointment of the Committee already established to tackle the various important questions. It is expected that this Committee which will continue till duration of Conference, will be similar to what is known in the United States as "Steering Committee".

Dominions are entitled to sit on Committee, but it is expected that one individual will represent them all.

The agenda is now gradually shaping itself. It is stated that there are only six controversial questions.

It has been decided that certain important general questions of controversial nature should be discussed in alphabetical order of nations presenting them.

Certain quota of the Press will be admitted to next plenary Naval Confeence which this morning's meeting decided should meet on 30th January.—Reuter.

—:o:—

French And Italian Viewpoints On Tonage.

LONDON, Jan. 27.

A meeting of the leaders of delegations to the Naval Conference has adjourned until to-morrow. Discussion centred largely round the French and Italian viewpoints. The French strongly maintained that global not categories tonnage should be the starting basis for the Conference. This viewpoint is likely to be acceptable to the Conference. M. Tardieu said that the atmosphere at the Conference was most cordial, but he declined to disclose whether any decision was reached.—Reuter.

PREMIER CONFERS WITH DELEGATES.

—:o:—

Ground Cleared To Some Extent

LONDON, Jan. 27.

Rugby.—Following a number of informal conversations during the week end which, it is believed, may help to facilitate the preparation of the agenda of the Naval Conference, the heads of delegations this morning continued the discussions which were begun on Thursday afternoon with a view to the collection, selection and arrangement of questions that, in due course, will be brought before the Conference. It was stated after Thursday's meeting that there are a large number of such questions and that the work of preparation may be expected to take considerable time and to involve several such meetings. It is, however, possible that the conversations which have since taken place have to some extent cleared the ground.

Yesterday, the Prime Minister discussed the Conference matters with Dominion delegates who were his guests at a luncheon at the Chequers, and later, he met the head of the United States Delegation, Mr. Stimson. Other United States delegates also discussed Conference matters privately, Mr. Gibson meeting M. Massigli of the French Delegation, and Mr. Dwight Morrow meeting M. Tardieu. Both Messrs. Gibson and Marrow visited Mr. Stimson yesterday, M. Tardieu had a long conversation with Signor Grandi, during the week end.—B. O. W.

CONGRESS VOLUNTEERS.

QUESTION IN COMMONS ABOUT DISBANDING.

Nothing To Be Added To Viceroy's Statement.

LONDON, Jan. 27.

In the Commons, replying to Mr. Bracken who asked whether action was being taken to disband the Congress volunteers, Mr. Benn could add nothing to the Viceroy's statement regarding the Government policy on 25th January.

AIR FORCE IN INDIA.

Replying to Lt.-Col. Clifton Brown, Mr. Benn said that the Air Force in India consisted of eight squadrons. No change was at present contemplated. There was no reply to Lt.-Col. Clifton Brown's question whether the squadrons placed on the frontier with the object of defending India were from outside.

TARIFF BOARD & CHEMICAL INDUSTRY.

Major Graham Pole urged the desirability of early publication of the findings of the Tariff Board on the protection of the Indian Chemical industry. Mr. Benn had no reason to suppose that the delay caused by the consideation of an exceedingly complicated question had been unduly prolonged.

ARMY RELIEFS DRAFTS.

Mr. Benn supplied Major Graham Pole with the sums paid by India during the last ten years towards the cost of raising training, equipping and transporting the army reliefs drafts from England, and said that the incidence of charges were under discussion with His Majesty's Government.—Reuter.

I. M. S. OPEN COMPETITIVE EXAM.

To Be Held Simultaneously.

MR. JAYAKAR'S RESOLUTION CARRIED.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28.

Despite the fact that non-official resolutions appeared on the order paper the attendance was not large when the Assembly met this morning.

Lobby news was that orders had been issued by the President to appoint ten persons for Watch and Ward in the galleries as sanctioned by the Finance Department.

Mr. Arthur Moore (who had made an aborative attempt at a censure motion regarding indemnit eclosing of the galleries) asked whether it was the intention of the President without consulting the House indefinitely to close the galleries, thereby causing inconvenience to the members.

The President:—The Hon. Member must give notice.

Sir Frank Noyce, answering a short notice question, put by Mr. Shafi Daudi said that no avoidable delay would be allowed to occur in taking action by Government on the recommendations of the Haj Enquiry Committee, the report of which would be published as soon as circumstances permitted. "Prima facie", there would be no objection to giving effect to the unanimous recommendations of the Committee for the next pilgrim season; but he preferred not to commit Government.

I.M.S. COMPETITIVE EXAM.

Mr Jayakar, Deputy Leader of Opposition, moved:—"This Assembly recommends that Governor-General-in-Council be pleased to revive competitive examination for recruitment to Indian Medical Service which has been held in abeyance for last fourteen years and to hold annually at convenient centre in India and make it obligatory for entrants to examination to hold a medical qualification registerable in India."

Mr Jayakar said he might be criticised for moving such a resolution at a time when public demanded transfer to Indian control of whole management of country. He was also not sure of fate of resolution in present state of House but he was pressed by medical friends to place their case before the House. Mr. Jayakar said this competitive examination had provided good opening for employment of middle class people before the war. It was stopped in 1915 and had not yet been reopened. The present system was most unsatisfactory. Not only did European recruits receive most extraordinary rights which were denied to Indians but Selection Committees insisted on Indians possessing British qualification. Even though Indians were asked to fight in competitive examination in foreign country in foreign language for foreign degrees, they did so well that by 1914 they had secured fifty per cent of vacancies. Under nomination system, however, out of total of 102 vacancies filled between 1923-28 only eighteen per cent., were filled by Indians.

GREAT STRIDES MADE

Mr. Jayakar maintained that Medical Education in India had made great strides and higher percentage of Indians possessing post-graduate qualifications was available for service than Europeans. The country's feelings on the subject had been well expressed by the Inter-University Conference over which the Viceroy presided. It had resolved urging revival of competitive examination for recruitment to I.M.S. The All-India Medical Association had also resolved similarly. Mr. Young representative of Dark Chamber of Government, namely the Army Department might once again cry 'shortage of recruits'. To that Mr. Jayakar replied India turned out 500 medical graduates yearly from among whom twenty-five recruits could be easily found every year. Finally he urged reciprocity in matter of registration of medical qualifications as 2,000 doctors practicing in India to-day held European qualifications.—A. P.

EXCLUSIVE OR SIMULTANEOUS EXAMINATION.

Mr. Macworth Young, Army Secretary, speaking on behalf of Government admitted that the present position was not wholly satisfactory, but Government were doing their best to improve it. At the same time Government could not accept a resolution which involved a immediate institution of competitive examinations. Mr. Young wanted to know if Mr. Jayakar meant holding the competitive examination only in India or holding simultaneously in India and England.

Mr. Jayakar replied he preferred to have it exclusively in India, but he did not object to a simultaneous examination.

Giving figures of Indian recruitment, Mr. Mackworth Young pointed out that previous to 1910 out of 218 who entered the service only seventeen were Indians. In five years preceding the war the number of successful Indian candidates advanced, for there were 107 European candidates and 39 successful Indian candidates. The total recruited in the pre-war period was 273 Europeans and 39 Indians. The proportion of Europeans and Indians recruited before the introduction of the present system of recruitment was seven to one. During the war, 44 Europeans and eighteen Indians were recruited. Immediately after the war there was a large increase in the Indian recruitment, but he admitted that during 1923-24 no Indians were recruited; but during the whole of the five-year period 1920-24 there were 83 Europeans and 83 Indians. All of them were permanent. He freely admitted that the conditions then were abnormal and recruitment was also abnor-

(Continued on page 3).

FREE ACCIDENT INSURANCE FOR ALL.

DETAILS ON PAGE 7.

...AN COTTON ...ARKETS.

—:o:—

...York Future Decline ...16 To 19 Points.

...NCASHIRE SHORT TIME ...D LESS SPOT DEMAND.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

...day the New York Cotton ...market opened at about ...d quotations the un... of the market was weak ...ports of proposed short work ...ancashire. This has much to ...with spot demand which show... marked decline. This develop... unfavourable factor attract... the attention of speculation ...erators and jobbers who show... some anxiety. There was ...teady flow of offerings which in the absence of any demand prov... ed burdensome and prices reached the lowest level of the day dur... ing the last half an hour which was 19 points under the top reached at the opening. Towards the close there was absence of business and the market closed at a decline of 16 to 19 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 15 ...nts to 17.20c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market ruled weak and closed at a decline of 18 to 17 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 2... point sto 16.75c.

U. S. Port Receipts were 12000 Bales and exports amounted to 7,000 bales.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened very steady at a rise of 4 to 5 points but ruled easy on selling orders from Bombay. During the afternoon the market developed into considerable weakness on proposed short work in Lancashire. It is feared that this unfavourable condition may have a marked effect on the prospective needs of spinners i... point. Middling America... weakness in near months which closed at a decline of 6 points, while new crop months advanced 1 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices declined 1 ...nts to 9.36d. per lb. and sales ...ounted to 5,000 bales.

Egyptian Cotton futures ruled ...iet and closed at a decline of ...points. Empire Cotton futures ...osed at a decline of 1 point with ...rch 9.01 and May 9.03.

It will be seen from the working of the market that there exists considerable nervousness on the part of cotton holders and the ...bility of prices is mainly due ... the activities of the Federal Farm Board. The present trend of prices again challenges the loan-level and it remains to be seen what new activity will be engineered. Despite absence of hedge selling and steadily improving statistical situation, the market seems to have been held up by artificial devices. The ...neral sentiment stills remains ...vided and short there seems ...o confidence in present prices. However, the low level may check any aggressive bear selling.

REUTER'S LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REVIEW.

Spot cotton has been in fair demand; in Futures, there has been no new feature of interest. Prices compared with last week are easier, but with Trade calling again fairly persistent, the undertone of the market has remained steady. To-day good Trade buying was offset by some Bombay selling and considerable hedging.

The Egyptian section generally has been quiet and steady.

REUTER'S MANCHESTER WEEKLY REVIEW.

CLOTH:—Conditions have not materially changed and producers are anxious to meet the market if only to keep the machinery running, but offers still have mostly been unacceptable. The turnover has consisted mainly of unimportant lots at unsatisfactory rates. Enquiry early in the week from India was rather larger and cheap lots of various styles were negotiated, but demand has fallen off again, China has scarcely mentioned any business. The Home trade has given fair support but from other quarters there has been no special feature worth mentioning.

YARNS:—Profitable business is still difficult and transactions of any importance have been very rare.

In the Egyptian section demand has been meagre.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. March Highest 17.25 (10 0... a.m.) Lowest 17.06 (2.25 p.m.)

Hemelryk:—"Liverpool cotton depressed fears short time Lancashire."

Reuer:—"Market was weak on liquidation influenced by unfavourable spot market and unfavourable Liverpool cables."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Jan. 27.

March	..	17.07—.18
May	..	17.30—.18
July	..	17.48—.17
October	..	17.52—.16
December	..	17.59—.19
Middling Spot		17.20—.15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Jan. 27.

March	..	17.15—.17
Middling Spot	..	16.73—.20

NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 27.

New York, 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time):

March	.....	17.13
May	.....	17.41
July	.....	17.57

New York 11-45 a.m.:

March	.....	17.16
May	.....	17.39
July	.....	17.57

NEW YORK DAILY COTTON STATISTICS.

New York, Jan. 27

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	12,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	7,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.

	Opening	Closing.
January	9.10	9.00—.06
February		9.01—.05
March	9.17	9.10—.03
April		9.13—.03
May	9.27	9.20—.03
June		9.22—.02
July	9.32	9.27—.01
August		9.28
September		9.28
October	9.32	9.29 pl.01
November		9.29 pl.01
December		9.32 pl.01
January		9.35 pl.01
Middling Spot		9.36—.01

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	5,000
Sales on Speculation	100
Sales of East Indian Cotton	nil

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.

Scinde Fully Good	..	5.20
Scinde Fine	..	5.45
Scinde Superfine	..	5.70
Bengal Good	..	4.95
Bengal Fully Good	..	5.20
Bengal Fine	..	5.45
Oomra Good	..	6.20
Oomra Fully Good	..	6.50
Oomra Fine	..	6.80
Broach Fully Good	..	6.95
Broach Fine	..	7.20
Broach Superfine	..	7.45

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.

January	..	13.71—.05
March	..	13.51—.05
May	..	14.01—.06
July	..	14.21—.05
November	..	14.36—.06
January	..	14.50—.05
Sakellaridis, F.G.F. Spot	..	14.45—.05

LONDON SILVER.

London, Jan. 27

Silver:—Market is quiet.

Spot	29-5/8
Forward	29 7/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, Jan. 27.

Bar Gold Fine per oz. £4/4/10-3/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Jan. 27.

Interest Day to Day Loans 3-5/8 per cent.

Interest 7 days' Market Loans 4 per cent.

Bank Bills, 3 months 3-31/32 per cent.

Bank Bills, 6 months 4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 3 months 5-1/4 cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 6 months 5-3/4 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Jan. 27.

T.T. London on Berlin	20.36
T.T. London on Amsterdam	12.11
T.T. London on Brussels	34.94
T.T. London on Madrid	37.54
T.T. London on Milan	92.97
T.T. London on Berne	25.19
T.T. London on Paris	123.89
T.T. London on Prague	164.50

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Jan. 27.

Cottonseed, Bombay, ton:

Jan./Feb. s'ment nominal£ 21-17-6.

Castorseed, Bombay, ton:

Jan./Feb. s'ment Hull sellers £15-10-0.

Rapeseed, Toria, ton:

Jan./Feb. s'ment nominal £16-3-9.

LINSEED.

London, Jan. 27.

Linseed, Calcutta, ton:—

Jan./Feb. s'ment nominal £21-17-6.

Linseed, Calcutta, ton:—

Apl./May s'ment sellers £19-15-0.

Linseed, La Plata, ton:—

Jan./Feb. shipment Hull sellers £17-17-6.

Linseed, Bombay, ton:

Jan./Feb. s'ment sellers £20-7-6.

LINSEED OIL.

London, Jan. 27

Linseed Oil, naked London ewt. Mar./Apl. delivery paid and further buyers 38/7-1/2.

Linseed Oil, naked London ewt. May/Aug. delivery buyers 38/4-1/2.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, Jan. 27.

Coffee Fair Rio, (No. 7 quality) Spot. 10-5/8.

STOCKS & SHARES

SCATTERED BUYING.

Fazal Shares In Demand.

The share market ruled rather steady without any new feature. There was more transfer business and with scattered buying prices ruled a shade steadier. Bombay Dyeing opened at Rs. 637 and with small fluctuation in prices closed at 641. Century opened at Rs. 231 and after improving to Rs. 232 closed at Rs. 230/10. Colaba Land Shares were placed at Rs. 122 and Crescents at Rs. 68/2. Fazal shares opened at Rs. 466 after improving to Rs. 473 eased off to Rs. 470 and closed at Rs. 471/4. Indore Malwas were steady at Rs. 235. Pearls opened at Rs. 230 and after touching the lowest 228 advanced to Rs. 234 and closed at Rs. 232/8. Tata Hydros opened at Rs. 1105 and fluctuated within a narrow range. Tata Steel shares ruled very steady—the market for active shares fluctuated within a range of Rs. 5 to Rs. 7/8. There was to-day good demand for Tata Steel Ordinary, Fazal and Cement shares.

The general sentiment of the market is divided. Looking to the general depression and tightness of money market Bear operators remain firm in their conviction Bulls are rather caught on account of lack of foresight and are trying to argue better prospects on the theory of low prices. However, the fact remains that those who kept on leaving to the short side were amply rewarded. The impressive buying which continues in Fazal shares is without any sound development and suggests nothing beyond operators activity. It is no use to have any interests in these shares. It may be recalled we always advised to keep away from any long interest in Tata Steel and Hydro shares Because the economic situation had left but no room for bull operations. As a rule now in the absence of marked falling off in the outside speculative enterprise we do not look for any material run-away of prices except squaring up of short interest before the Budget.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Bombay Dyeing 637, 41, 40, 42 40, 41.
Century 231, 30, 32, 30-10.
Colaba 122.
Crescent 68-2.
Fazul 466, 63, 68, 67, 73, 70, 71.
Indore 332, 35.
Madhowji N. 11.
Nagpur 415, 16, 15.
New Great 135, 36.
Pearl 230, 28, 33, 31, 32.
Simplex 28.
Swadeshi 332, 33.
Burma 726, 25, 26.
Hydro 1105, 6, 3, 8, 7.
Tram 133.
Deff. 248, 46, 51, 50, 51-14.
Ord. 49, 48-4, 50-12, 10, 51.
Bundi 15-14.
Indian 234, 37.
Katni Ord. 178, 81.
Alcock 251.
Sassoon and Alliance Mills to 58.
Simplex 250, 20.
Sholapur 1000, 2750.
Sir Shapurjee Barucha 100, all 4.
Swadeshi 100, 340.
Tata Mill 25, nil, 22-8.
Vishnu Cotton 1000, 2,250.
Western India Spinning 1,000 790

BANKS.

Bank of India 50 2 xd. 94.
Baroda 50 0/8 77.
Central 25, 16-2.
Eastern £5 xd. 78.
Imperial Bank 1290.
Imperial Contributory 125 101 315-10.
Union 5/11 3-3.
P & O. Bank £10 10f. 122.

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland 10-0-0 80f 3d xd. 15-10.
Gwalior Cemen 70, 79.
Central India Mining 3.
Indian Cement 237-8.
Punjab Cement 10, 10-12.
Shahabad Cement 10y, 140-10.
Shivrajpur 20 2/1 xd. 11-6.
United Cement 100 6y 54
Katni Ord. 181-4.
Katni Def 810.

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prantej 400 61/11-770.
Amritsar Patti 3-10-0f, xd. 113-115.
Central Provinces 87-8.
Dhond Baramati 100 2/11/6 94.
Gujarat 100. 2/4/8 79.
Hoshiarpur Doab 4/12/6 78.
Larkhana 100 1f 89
Mandra Bhon 90, 1/15/21 67.
Mymensingh 100 2/11/61, 86.
Pathora Jamner 100 2/4 81 82.
Sialkot Narrowal 100 2/4/8 87.
Sara Sirajgunj 100 2-6-9f 82
Sind Light 100 5-7 59.
Tapti Valley xd 667-8.
Upper Sind 100 nil 78.

ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS

Ahmedabad Electric 100, 6 8y 126-4.
Surat Electric O 100 5/7y xd. 123/12
Andhra Valley Ord (1000) xd 630.
Bombay Tram Ord. xd 133-12.
Tata Hydro Electric 1000 101 1107-8.
Tata Power 1,000 nli, 475.
Karachi Electricity 100 0/41 142-8.
Poona Electricity 100, 8y, 145

PRESS COMPANIES

Fort 475 10y 130.
Harvey and Sabapathy 1120 xd plus 20.
Indian Cotton 125 17/8y 225.
Manmad Manufacturing (250) 251/4.
New Berar 500 70y 860.
New Mofussil 400 407 491-4.
New Prince of Wales 500 20y 400 xd.
Volkart U P 500 30y 480.

INSURANCE COMPANIES

Bl. I. G. Insurance 10, nil 4.
Bombay Life Assurance 40 1/4y 33.
Empire of India Life 100, 30 1750.
Jupiter General Insurance Ord 15, 9-8.
New India Assurance (10) 17.
Oriental Government Security Life 100, 1800.
Vulcan 100 03/0y xd 5.
Industrial & Prudential 6 9-8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown 199, nil 251-14.
Attock Oil 1 nil, 15
Belapur Co. 50, nil 6.
Bombay Steam Co. Ord. 175-10
Burma Uganda 12 nil, 25.
Burma F Corporation 726-4.
Burma Corp. 10 Rs. 10.
Jost Engineering 50 182/8
Kemp 200 15 185
Mackenzie Saw Mill 100 115
Scindia Steam 8-6.
Tata Construction xd. 31.
Tata Iron Ord. 51.
Tat aIron Def. 251-14.
Bombay Telephone 50, 1y 52-12
Assur Veerji Mills B. 7 (F. T.) 94.
Bombay Steam T 8 p.c. 100 102-8
Kastoorchand Mills T. 7 (b 80.
Kohinoor Mills T. 7 10a
Tata Hydro Def 106.
Tata Steel B 7 p.c. 96
Tata Power 7-1/2 99
Andhra Valley B. 108
Apollo Mills B 7/8 F. T. 80.

PREFERENCE

Tata 1st Pref. 130.
Tata 2nd Pref. 72.
Andhr aPref. 947-8.
Tata Hydro Pref. 1020.
Tata Power Pref. 1035.

—:o:—

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

—:o:—

1st Sept. to 23rd Jan

In full-pressed Bales.	Yester-day.	This year.
Europe	5,532	323,766
Japan & China	10,655	431,092
Coast Ports	.....	8,893
Up country by Rail		47,172
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		57,384
Total	16,187	918,114

M. FARUQUI Jan. 28.

INDIAN COTTON CROP NEWS.

Daily Arrivals At Various Centres.

BOMBAY PADTAR RATES.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

	Arrives Bales.	Rae. Rs.
Ujjain	1300	290/300
Indore		250/70
Ratlam		295/320
Sennabad	200	261/65
Bir	200	260/65
Buranpur	200	260/65
Amalner	200	250/55
Dhulia	200	250/55
Chopda	100	260/65
Nagpur	300	270/80
Lyallpur (Sindh-American)	300	300/10
Lyallpur (Desh)	275	220/25
Onkara	500	300/10
Abhor	400	300/10
Pandianwala	200	
Chandasi	100	240/45
Amraoti	300	250/55
Dhamangaon	200	250/55
Barsi Kurrurwada	200	250/55
Ganga Khed	150	250/55
Bhavaniganj	100	300/15
Mandusar	50	300/15
Jalna	500	245/50
Khamgam	1000	250/60
Nanded	300	300/10

	Carts Arrivals	Rates. Rs.
Khandwa	500	260/70
Wardha	550	270/75
Wun	400	270/75
Pandharwada	400	270/75
Yeotmal	400	270/75
Arvi	300	270/75
Latur	500	305/15
Parbhani	200	80/90
Khandesh		240/50
Ahmednagar		245/50
Bijpur		250/55
Bengal U P.		210/15
Jalgaon		255/60
C. P. No. 2		265/70
Kudchi		270/80
Mathia		230/40
Pachora		255/60
Purna	150	230/00
Karda		255/60
Pandharpur		260/70
Hingolt		250/55
Karanja	400	255/60
Sailu		250/55
Shedbai		250/60
Pandurna		250/60
Kasur (Bengal)		225/30
Kinganghat		260/65
Warora		265/70
Purgaon		245/50
Ranala		245/50
Nandarbar		245/50
Katol		265/70
Vamboria		245/50
Sirpur		255/60
Malkapur		255/60
Sanavad		255/60
Kumpta		290/300
Tirupur Cambodia		360/70
Dhondycha		250/55
Erondol		250/55
Banusai		255/60
Sindhi		160/65
Khirkia		255/60
Ghurji		215/20
Hansi		220/25
Warangam		250/55
Sindurni		250/55
Chalisgaon		250/60
Budhnavar		325/35
Akola		250/55
Khanewal		300/5
Tobataxi		300/5
Aratwalla		300/5
Multan (Sind-American)		300/5
Surgoda		300/5
Nandgaon		250/55
Nimbara		245/50
Nizamabad		245/50
Nimuch		240/45
Nandura		250/55
Puchor		300/20
Dabhol		295/305
Itola		295/305
Sarulaya		295/305
Miyagam		295/305
Palej		295/305
Amod		295/305
Jambusal		295/305
Broach		295/305

CONSUMPTION OF AMERICAN COTTON.

Prospects Of A Substantial Decline.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Mr. Garside states that World consumption of American Cotton exclusive of linters during December was 1,042,000 bales—the total World consumption of American Cotton at the end of the last month amounted to 5,905,000 bales against 6,271,000 bales during the same period of the last season. Present indications point a substantially less consumption of American Cotton in World during

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan. 28.

The securities market ruled rather firm. During the early part of the session there was better enquiry which hardened quotation of 3 1-2 per cent paper. However there was no demand during the later part. 5 per cent 1945-55 loan was steady at Rs. 100. To-day's closing quotations were as under:

(Income—Taxable.)

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes ready Rs. 65
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes Sett Rs. 64/14
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust Rs. 72/8
4 per cent 1934-37 Loan Rs 89/12
4 per cent 1960-70 Loan 76/4
4 1/2 per cent Bonds Rs. 95/2
4 per cent 1955-60 Loan Rs. 85/15
5 per cent 1929-47 War Loan Rs. 95/6
5 per cent 1935 Bonds Rs. 97
5 per cent 1939-44 Loan Rs. 95/5
6 per cent 1954 Municipal Den Rs. 103
6 per cent Karachi Port Trust Rs. 102/12

(Income-Tax Free)

5 per cent 1945-55 Loan ready Rs. 100/2
5 per cent 1945-55 Loan Sett Rs. 100/1
5 per cent 1933 Bonds Rs. 100
6 per cent 1930 Bonds Rs. 100/1
6 per cent 1931 Bonds Rs. 100/12
6 per cent 1932 Bonds Rs. 101/12
6 1/2 per cent B D Loan 1935 Rs. 104/2
7 per cent Mysore Loan 1931 Rs. 102/4

—:o:—

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

—:o:—

Bombay, Jan. 28.

In full-pressed Bales.	Since 1st Sept. 2 days.	This year
Khandesh	2,307	200,840
Central India	2,309	176,814
Barsi & Nagar	1,556	138,632
Hyderabad-Gaorani	62	44,706
Berar	4,193	359,277
Cent. Provinces	2,009	181,110
Total Oomras	12,436	1,101,979
Dholera	1,824	47,147
N.-W. Provinces	304	120,546
Rajputana	169	20,974
Sind-Punjab	151	97,725
Broach	2,065	39,490
Coompta & Dharwar	92	42,102
Westerns-Northerns	.....	13,084
Cocoanada	.....	100
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	72	6,839
Persian	.....	209
Egyptian	.....	31,330
American	.....	3,224
Comilla, Burma & other sorts.		391
Total	17,113	1,535,143

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Jan. 27.

Smoked Sheet, Standard, Rilbbed lb. Spot, Sellers 7-9/16d.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Jan 28.

Khandesh	2,307 bales.
Central India	2,309 "
Barsi-Nugger	1,556 "
Hyderabad-Gaorani	62 "
Berar	4,193 "
Central Provinces	2,005 "
Dhollera	1,324 "
N.-W. Provinces	304 "
Rajputana	169 "
Sind-Punjab	151 "
Broach	2,065 "
Compta-Dharwar	92 "
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	72 "
Cotton	17,113 "
Wheat	8,067 cwts.
Linseed	812 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard-seeds	81 "
Gingellyseeds	863 "
Groundnuts	27,769 "
Castorseeds	1,141 "
Rice	1,102 "
Myrabollams	5,217 "
Cottonseeds	11,708 "
Mowraseeds	25 "
Gram	1,002 "
Joowar	227 "
Maize	24 "
Barley	314 "
Bajree	885 "
Coal	747 tons

SILVER MARKET

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Our silver market ruled rather steady to-day with a limited business. London quotations were quiet and China cross was 2-0-4. The daily offtake is reported to be about 225 bars. Double option premium for Maha is Rs. 1-2. Favour Rs. 1-13 and Chaitra is Rs. 1-6. The spot prices are still at a premium on account of bulls having control over the same. The gold market is quiet but steady with a small business.

—:o:—

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

	1929-30	1928-29
F. P. Bales Receipts to date 27-1-30	7292000	7746000
Receipts Yesterday 27-1-30	12000	29000
Exports to date 27-1-30	4849000	5517000
Stock at Ports 24-1-30	2468000	2247000
Stock at Interior Towns 24-1-30	1432000	1119000
Stock at Liverpool 24-1-30	983000	1049000
Visible Supply 24-1-30	5736000	5634000
Quantity in sight 24-1-30	12417000	12332000
Quantity out of Sight 24-1-30	8435000	8964000

Bombay Cotton

—:o:—

EASY UNDERTONE.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

The local market in responding to the overnight decline at New York opened at Rs. 297/4 for Broach A.-M. delivery. There was marked absence of demand and prices declined to Rs. 296/4 on tired long liquidation. The market fluctuated within a narrow range both buying and selling being equal. The local stocks are fairly heavy but cheapness of our cotton is the sustaining factor. Some operators are inclined to buy here against sales of Americans. Liverpool opened steady at a decline of 4 points. The market reached the lowest Rs. 295/10 on reports of Liverpool 7 points down. The market after a small rally closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A.-M.	296	0	0
Broach J.-A.	305	12	0
Oomra March	246	12	0
Oomra May	258	8	0
Oomra July	260	0	0
Bengal March	205	8	0
Bengal May	212	8	0
Bengal July	219	8	0
Broach A.-M. highest	297	4	0
Broach A.-M. lowest	295	10	0

—:o:—

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

—:o:—

Bombay, Jan. 28.

April	184.10—1.40
July	188.40—1.80

ROOM RATE.

—:o:—

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Bengal 207 May.
Bengal 214 July.
Broach 297 A./M.
Broach 307 J./A.
Oomra 249 March.
Oomra 256 May.
Oomra 263 July.

SPOT RATE.

—:o:—

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Bengal	218	213	208	202
Sind	223	218	213	207
Punjab	216	211	206	200
Rajputana	218	213	208	202
Broach		297	295	
Oomra No. 3	254	249	246	241
C. P. No. 1	271	266	263	258
C. P. No. 2	263	258	255	250

READY COTTON SALES.

—:o:—

Bombay, Jan. 28.

100 A. Damodar Yeotmal 252
100 Do. Maheji 240 1/2
100 Do. Nandarbar 243
100 Do. Jalna 240
100 Ralli Bros. Ujjain 283
100 Do. Nagar Old 215
100 Forbes & Co. Indore 251 1/2
200 Do. Kajgaon 244
100 B. Karshandas Malkapur 246 1/2
100 P. Crystal & Co. Dhamangaon 254
100 G. G. Kesha & Co. Banusa Old 200
100 R. D. Tata & Co. Pandharpur 279
100 Textile Prodak Banusha Old 199

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

—:o:—

Bombay, Jan. 28.

3 Months Discounts 3 31/32 per cent.
6 Months Discounts 4 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 5 per cent.
Call Money 6 1/4 per cent.
One Month 5 1/2 per cent.
Three Months 5 1/2 per cent.
Six Months 4 1/2 per cent.
Tone of the market.—Steady.
Imperial Bank of India rate 7 per cent.

DAILY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

—:o:—

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Bengal	210	222
Malkapur	235	24[illegible]
Khandesh	242	24[illegible]
Akola Khamgaon	250	25[illegible]
Nagpur Wardha	263	27[illegible]
Barsi Kurduwadi	240	2[illegible]
Jalna Aurangabad	243	2[illegible]
Nagar Vambori	242	2[illegible]
Purna Parbani	260	[illegible]
Khandwa Sanavad	250	[illegible]
Indore Ujjain	248	[illegible]
Miraj Sangli	292	[illegible]
Coompta	285	[illegible]
Tirupur Cambodia	360	[illegible]

THE NEW INDI...
Assurance Company, L...
Head Office.—Esplanade R... Fort, BOMBAY.
Chairman:—Sir Dorab J. Tata.
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Authorised ..Rs. 6,00,00...
Paid Up ..Rs. 71,2...
Subscribed ..Rs. 3,56,0...
TOTAL FUNDS. Rs. 1,40,...
"The NEW INDIA is admi... "the largest General Insu... "Company in India. Fro... "Capital point of view, it... "claim to be one of the ... "Insurance Companies ... "World."
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Life, Fire, Marine, ... Motor Car, All Risks ... in unrepresented parts.

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O. British India

ORATED IN ENGLAND).

ASSENGERS

SERVICE.

SAILINGS to Plymouth
ON CALLING AT MAR-
(CALLING AT MALTA
ALTERNATE WEEK).

	amers		Tons.
	tan x ..	ALL	20,847
	ores ..		10,954
	Mantua* ..		10,946
	Viceroy of India ..	VESSELS	19,000
	Maloja x ..		20,527
	Kaisar-i-Hind		11,518
	Rasmak@ ..		10,602
	Ranpura ..		16,601
	Naldera x ..		16,088
5 Apr.	Ranchi ..		16,650
12 ,,	Rawalpindi*		16,619
17 ,,	Morea(Extra)	NOW SAIL	10,946
19 ,,	Rasmak ..		10,602
5 ,,	Malwa* ..		11,000
26 ,,	Narkunda* ..		16,672
		DIRECT	
3 M	Viceroy of India ..		19,648
10 ,,	Rajputana* ..		16,568
17 ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind	FROM	11,518
24 ,,	Mooltan x ..		20,847
31 ,,	Macedonia ..		11,120
7 June	Mantua ..		10,946
14 ,,	Comorin ..		16,132
21 ,,	Maloja ..	BOMBAY	20,527
28 ,,	Rasmak ..		10,857
July	Ranpura* ..		16,601
12 ,,	Malwa ..		11,000
19 ,,	Naldera x ..	WITHOUT	16,088
26 ,,	Rawalpindi ..		16,619
2 Aug	Morea ..		10,946
9 ,,	Macedonia ..		11,120
16 ,,	Narkunda x ..		16,672
23 ,,	Rasmak ..	TRANS-	10,857
30 ,,	Rajputana ..	SHIPMENT	16,568
6 Sept.	Ranpura ..		16,601
13 ,,	Mooltan ..		20,847
20 ,,	Ranchi ..	at	16,650
27 ,,	Mantua ..		10,946
4 Oct.	Viceroy of India ..	ADEN	19,648
11 ,,	Comorin x ..		15,132
18 ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind		11,518
25 ,,	Malwa* ..		10,986

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

assengers are required to
ossession of passports.
Marseilles only.
gh steamers from China
mited accommodation for
rs from India.
ough steamers from Aus-
ve limited accommodation
ngers from India.

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TURN TICKETS.

nd second Saloon Return
t Special Reduce Rate
ued for any mail steamer
e period commencing
ay with the sailing of
MACEDONIA" on the
1930 and terminating
"VICEROY OF INDIA"
rseilles September 5th
Bombay on the 19th
1930. The fares will
ws:—

	1st Saloon.	2nd Saloon
and back	£105	£75
and back eilles in- P. & O. ain Across oth dir-	£120	£90
s and	£100	£72

mmodations allotted
est available at time
n.

BERTH CABINS.
e no extra charge for
Cabins between 1st
n January.

NDIA SAILINGS
PORT SAID AND
VITH LIBERTY TO

F SAUDAN, MALTA
TANGIER.

Steamers,	Tons.
ana ..	8,427
ala ..	8,422

are only one
s follows:—

	Single	Return
h A	£64	£105
B	£60	£105
C	£56	£ 93

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1930		
30th Jan.	Naldera ..	Colombo and Australia.
14th Feb.	Rawalpindi..	Colombo, Straits China & Japan
15th Feb.	Chakrata*..	Straits & Japan.
27th Feb.	Mirzapore..	Straits China & Japan.
28th ,,	Narkunda ..	Colombo and Australia.
28th Mar.	Mooltan ..	Colombo and Australia
25th April	Maloja ..	Colombo and Australia
9th May	Ranpura ..	Colombo, Straits China & Japan
23rd ,,	Naldera ..	Colombo and Australia.
6th June	Morea ..	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan
20th June	Narkunda..	Colombo and Australia
4th July	Rajputana .	Colombo Straits China & Japan.
18th July	Mooltan ..	Colombo and Australia
1st Aug	Mantua ..	Colombo Straits China & Japan
15th ,,	Comorin ..	Colombo and Australia
29th ,,	Malwa ..	Colombo Straits China & Japan
12th Sept.	Naldera ..	Colombo and Australia.
26th ,,	Morea ..	Colombo Straits China & Japan
10th Oct.	Narkunda..	Colombo and Australia.
24th Oct.	Rawalpindi	Colombo Straits, China & Japan.

*Cargo only.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only at the following fares from Bombay:

To Fremantle	£ 74
Adelaide	£ 76
Melbourne	£ 78
Sydney	£ 80
Brisbane	£ 82
Auckland or Wellington (N. Z.) via Sydney	£100

Periods of availability 16 Weeks.
Sailings approximately every month
BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS

TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

1930		
29th Jan.	Bankura ..	Basrah via Veraval, Mangrole Karachi and Persian G.Ports
29th Jan.	Karapara ..	East & South Africa.
31st Jan.	Varela ..	Basrah via Karachi
1st Feb.	Okakla ..	Karachi via Porebunder Dwarka and O' Mandvi
3rd Feb.	Vita ..	Karachi via Porebunder, P' Okh & O'Mandvi
14th Feb.	Ellora ..	Mombasa Direct

There will be sailings to Karachi on Mondays, Wendnesday, Thursday Friday and Saturday every week. The departure of the Karachi Gulf mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs. Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamers or through passengers to Basreh.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NYK LINE

FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive.	Leaves.
*Tottori Maru..	5973	15 Jan.	31 Jan.
*YoneyamaMaru	5274	18 Jan.	2 Feb.
*Nagano Maru..	3824	24 Jan.	6 Feb.
Katori Maru ..	10000	....	@ 5 ,,
Awa Maru ..	6028	31 Jan.	13 Feb.
Atsuta Maru ..	8000	....	@19 ,,
*Nagato Maru..	5901	11 Feb.	21 Feb.
*YamagataMaru	3807	15 Feb.	23 Feb.
*Bengal Maru ..	5396	18 Feb.	2 Mar.
Kashima Maru	10000	....	@5 Mar.
Tamba Maru ..	5845	2 Mar.	15 Mar.

*Do not carry passengers.
@From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles
Hakozaki Maru	10500	6 Feb.	23 Feb.
Hakusan Maru	10500	20 Feb.	9 Mar.
Kitano Maru	8900	6 Mar.	13 Mar.

FROM ORIENT TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Steamers.	Tons.	From Hongkong	From Kobe
		Mail Day	
Shinyo Maru	22000	20 Feb.	26 Feb.
Asama Maru	23000	27 Feb.	5 Mar.

Other are Orient-Seattle, South-American (East and West Coast) nd Japan Australia Services.
Reduced combined through fares.
Cheapest Round-the-World tour rates and other fares, full particulars on which are furnished on application to—

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The special features of this New Year Number are the accounts of the Congress and Conferences of the Christmas season together with the portraits of those who have participated in these annual gatherings.

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(Established 1865.)
Affiliated to the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.

	Rs.
Authorised and Subscribed Capital	[illegible]
Capital Called-up ..	35,50,000
Reserve Fund ..	44,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: CALCUTTA.
Branches and Sub-Agencies.

Agra.	Lahore.
Allanabad.	Lahore City.
Allahabad City.	Lucknow.
Amritsar	Lucknow City.
Bareilly.	Aminabad Park, Lucknow.
Benares.	Lyallpur.
Bombay.	Meerut.
Cawnpore.	Moradabad.
Cawnpore City.	Mussoorie, Muttra.
Chandausi.	Nagpur.
Dehra Dun.	Naini Tal.
Delhi.	Patna.
Fyzabad.	Rae Bareli.
Gorakpur.	Raipur.
Hapur.	Rangoon.
Hathras.	Shahjahanpur.
Jhansi.	Sitapur.
Jubbulpore.	

Pay Offices:

Auraiya.	Hardoi
Deobaud.	Sikandarabad, U.P.
Eatwah.	Sambhal.
Ghaziabad.	

LONDON BANKERS:
The P. & O. Banking Corporation, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank, Limited.

Banking business of every description transacted on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Bank of India, Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act VII of 1882.)
HEAD OFFICE: ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay), Poona, Bandra, Calcutta and Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS: THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	86,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 1-1/2 per cent. on daily balance of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December, interest is allowed at 2 per cent on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVING BANK ACCOUNTS.
opened which can be ascertained on application.

A.G. GRAY,
Manager

Yokohama Specie Bank Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

	Yen.
Subscribed Capital	100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	100,000,000
Reserve Fund	103,500,00

BRANCHES.

Alexandria	Karachi	Jansie
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	Scattle
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Singapore
Calcutta	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Canton	Manila	Sourabaya
Changchun	Marunouchi (Tokio)	San-Francisco
Dairen	Nagasaki	Samarang
Fengtien	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsan
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Pekin	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 6.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted

I. WASHIO.
Manager

BANKING.

Bank of Baroda Ltd.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar. (Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897).

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed ..	60,00,000
Capital Called-up ..	30,00,000
Reserve Fund ...	23,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: MANDVI, BARODA,
BRANCHES:
Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Mehsana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Petlad, Patan, Sidhpur, Amreli, Kallol, Dwarka, Kadi and Karjan.
DIRECTORS:
Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, Kt., C.I.E., (Chairman).
Raj Ratna Sheth Maganbhai, P. Haribhakti (Nagar Sheth), Baroda.
Seth Durgaprasad Shambhuprasad Laskari (Mill Agent, Ahmedabad).
Bhaskarrao V. Mehta, Esq., M.A., LL.B.
Maganial H. Kantavala, Esq., M.A., (Agent), The Maharaja Mills Co., Ltd., Baroda.
R. B. Govindbhai Hathibhai Desai Late Naib Dewan, Baroda.
Mr. Manilal B. Nanawati, B.A., LL.B., M.A., (Penn.), Bar Subs, Baroda State, Baroda.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2-1/2 per cent. per annum from 1st January to 30th June and at 2 per cent. from 1st July to 31st December and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constitutents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock, at moderate charges particulars of which may be learnt on application.
SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 3 1-2 per cent. per annum
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Sums of Rs. 300 and over accepted at 4 per cent., by transfer from Savings Bank accounts subject to three months notice of withdrawal. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager

PAY NOTHING
Only drop a card to get a copy of
Kam Shastra
A guide to Health, Wealth and Prosperity—given away gratis and post free.
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
Jamnagar, (Kathiawar).

ULCERINE (Regd.)
Without operation, cures—Piles, Fistula, Carbuncle, Witlow, Gangrene, Boils, Foul Ulcer, etc., on application Instantly relieves a pain of poisonous Boils and Sores, draws out all pus magically. Even operated wounds of any extent healed in a week. It is taken also internally as best blood purifier. Cure guaranteed. Phial Re. 1-4-0. Postage extra. Ask free booklet to—NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal.
Agents: J. Tirath and Co., Bunder Road Karachi.
Kemp and Co., Charni Road, Bombay.
Telegraphic Address: "Ulcer," Kandi.

WHEN YOU SPEND SO MUCH
For Your Clothes
why not be certain that they are made by artistic tailors.
Araujo Fernandes & Co.,
Merchant Tailors.
Princess Street, BOMBAY.

INSURANCE.

Insure with the Pioneers of Life Assurance wor
THE HINDU M[illegible]
LIFE ASSURANCE, LTD.
No Share-holders No Capitalists
TRUSTEE — GOVT. OFFICIAL TRUSTEE.
Cl[illegible] Rs.
Compare with others its GREAT AGE, SE[illegible] Management and Absolutely the low[illegible]
CASH BONUS in the shape of difference of prem[illegible] Bonus giving offices with every payment of
For particulars apply to:—
P. C. RAY, M.A., B.L., Secretary, 309, Bowbaz[illegible] CALCUTTA.
AGENCY APPLICATIONS INVIT[illegible]

East AND West INSURANCE Co., Ltd.
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Purely Indian Concern—Offers everything best in Life Insurance
Guaranteed Bonus of Rs. 12/- per Rs. 1000/- per year.
Several new attractive plans.
Marriage Dowry Policies on easy terms and liberal conditions.
For Agency terms and other particulars Apply to the :—SECRETARIES Bombay.

Western Ind[illegible]
PRE-E[illegible] INDIA[illegible] at Fourth Va[illegible]
UNSU[illegible] Bonu[illegible] W, Lif[illegible] Rs. 22-[illegible] Strong[illegible]
(1) Life Assu[illegible] Rs. 10,0[illegible]
(2) Total[illegible] Rs. [illegible]
RATIO 32 p[illegible]
NO OTHE[illegible] INDIA ca[illegible] R[illegible]
For Agency a[illegible] pleas[illegible]

Build up a strong Cons[illegible]
The strengthening influence of Kalz[illegible] the Calcium food, on the entire sys[illegible] is due to the fact that Kalzana provi[illegible] every cell of your body with *Calcium* (lime) it needs to keep strong and healthy.
By taking Kalzana you will conquer all forms of weakness, which are due to la[illegible] Calcium in the body, such as :
GENERAL DEBILITY
Kalzana strengthens the cells of nerves, bo[illegible] blood—it increases your power of resistan[illegible] illness and fevers and has a remarkable toni[illegible] your health.
WEAK TEETH
Kalzana makes the teeth strong and hard and decay. Remember that your teeth are almo[illegible] built up of Calcium and any deficiency of your body will bring about decay and weakn[illegible] teeth.
WOMEN'S DISEASES
By strengthening the blood and nerve[illegible] regulates the functions peculiar to women, undue pains, conquers irritability and soon back to care-free health.
Kalzan[illegible]
THE CALCIUM FOOD
Made by the manufacturers of Sanatogen and F[illegible]
Obtainable at all Chemists and Baz[illegible]

ICES.

UNICIPAL TION.

NTHLY tion will Office on February, y Time), for e following

the Acting Woking, Eng- services ren- to the cause

cting Prin- ictoria Ju- titute—For- Annual Re-

S. R. Dhuru the pro- Wadala Mu- School from

Secre- mittee— a por- harwada School Jamshedji

President of Joint Con- Ward Local —Forwarding passed at the

President, bha—For- ssed at a ed Classes mittee to Depressed hools.

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mittee's Letter t of the Spe- ficer on the e and Compul- ucation Scheme s.

THE COMMIS-

e question of f school build- ost and letting Committee at

tion to per- open

PUBLIC NOTICES.

space in front of shops built by the lessee of a plot of Municipal land at Masjid Bridge being occupied by moveable furniture, e.g., benches, chairs, etc., on payment of rent.

21. Forwarding a statement giving reasons for the delay in submitting reports on certain Resolutions passed by the Corporation.

22—23.—Requesting sanction to the payment of gratuities not exceeding (22) Rs. 125-2-0 to a retired Road Woman, and (23) Rs. 184-3-0 to a Road scraping woman killed in an accident.

24. Forwarding lists showing the breeding places of anopheles larvae of mosquitoes.

25. Forwarding Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

26. Forwarding a statement of motor vehicles taxed and exempted for the quarter ending 30th June, 1930.

27. Forwarding a statement showing the quantity of water brought into the city.

28. Forwarding the Executive Health Officer's Report for the fourth quarter of 1929.

29. Forwarding the Municipal Servants' list corrected upto 31st October, 1929.

30. Government Letter—Regarding the question of giving building grants for the construction of Municipal Primary Schools.

31. Letter from Mr. P. J. Marzban—Applying for leave of absence from the Corporation's meetings.

32. Letter from Dr. M. D. D. Gilder—Requesting that Dr. R. M. Mistry may be granted further leave of absence from the Corporation's meetings.

LETTERS FROM THE MUNICIPAL SECRETARY—

33. Requesting that he may be granted an extension of service for 14 days from the 17th March, 1931, when he attains the age of 55 years.

34. Reporting the names of Councillors who have ceased to be members of certain Committees owing to their absence from the meetings of the Committees.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS—

35. From Mr. J. B. Baman-Behram, seconded by Mr. Punjabhai Thackersey—For appointing Mr. B. N. Mehisheri to be a member of the Law, Procedure and Elections Committee.

36—37. From Mr. I. S. Patel—(36) For expressing opinion that the Schools Committee would do well to introduce Hindi as a compulsory subject in all Municipal Schools and (37) For requesting Government to hold a conference of the representatives of the Corporation, and of Government and the Police Commissioner to find out means to minimise accidents caused by motor vehicles.

38. From Dr. Poonsey H. Meisheri, seconded by Mr. M. N. Talpade—For appointing Mr. Punjabhai Thackersey to be a member of the Roads, etc., Committee.

39. From Mr. E. R. Hirjibehedin, seconded by Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar—For appointing Mr. M. A. Karanjawalla to be a member of the Law, Procedure and Elections Committee.

40. From Professor V. G. Rao, seconded by Mr. A. P. Sabavala—For appointing Mr. V. C. Setalvad to be a member of the Law, Procedure and Elections Committee.

41. From Dr. Poonsey H. Meisheri—For appointing Mr. E. R. Hirjibehedin to be a member of the Retrenchment and Reforms Enquiry Committee.

42. From Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, seconded by Dr. E. Moses and Dr. M. B. Velkar—For obtaining certain particulars about the filling in of a vacant post of an Honorary Surgeon at the K. E. M. Hospital.

43. From Mr. J. B. Baman-Behram, seconded by Mr. G. I. Griffiths—For inviting the Commissioner's attention to the insanitary condition of certain huts in the neighbourhood of Colaba Market.

44. From Mr. A. P. Sabavala—For requesting the Commissioner to consider the desirability of opening the Hanging and the Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Gardens on Malabar Hill at 5 a.m. (Bombay Time) instead of at 5-30 a.m. (Bombay Time).

45. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—For requesting Government to undertake legislation for the purpose of removing the restrictions imposed on Bidi Shopkeepers.

46. From Mr. Hoosenally M. Rahimtoola—For appointing Mr. Haji Shaik Meherbux to be a member of the Roards Committee.

47—48. From Mr. S. G. Keni, seconded by Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji and Mr. Dostmahomed G. Khairaz—For inviting the Commissioner's attention to the dilapidated condition of (47) house No. 66 and (48) house No. 614 at Naigaum Road in charge of the City Improvement Trust.

49. From Dr. S. S. Batliwala—For inviting the Commissioner's attention to the nuisance caused by an open drain in the compound of the G. I. P. Railway at Matunga.

50. From Mr. M. M. Desai, seconded by M. A. Karanjawala—For requesting Government to further amend Section 39 of the Municipal Act regarding the constitution of the Schools Committee by the addition of certain clauses.

51. From Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar—For obtaining a report from the Commissioner as to the measures proposed to be taken by him to eliminate the dangerous corner at the junction of Dammer Lane and French Bridge Road.

52—54. From Dr. Accacio G. Viegas—(52—53) For appointing a Committee to report on the practicability of abolishing the nuisance from (52) the Northern Storm Water Channel which discharges at Cleveland Bunder (53) from the filthy cesspool resulting from the storm water channel running from Bellasis Road to Love Grove and (54) For requesting the Commissioner to have prepared surveys, levels, conditions of contract, etc., for the construction of the Main Trunk Sewers which can be utilized for the sewage outfall at Worli Point.

55. From Mr. S. K. Pupala, seconded by Mr. J. B. Baman-Behram—For obtaining a report as to the feasibility of converting the Municipal plots between Reay Road Bridge and Mount Road passage in E Ward into play grounds

56. From Professor V. G. Rao—For requesting the Committee to consider the question of introducing religious education in Municipal schools to expedite their report.

57. From Mr. S. K. Barodawalla, seconded by Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar—For appointing Mr. B. T. Desai to be a member of the Law, Procedure and Elections Committee.

58. From Mr. I. S. Patel—For obtaining a report from the Water Committee as to the advisability of enlarging the size of the present water connection pipes connected to a premises in Mogul Lane, Mahim.

59. From Mr. Ramji Bharmal, seconded by Dr. J. N. Choksy—For expressing opinion that the revised schedule of fees should be given effect to from the 1st April 1930.

60—61. From Mr. J. B. Baman-Behram—For appointing Mr. I. S. Patel to be a member of (60) Water and (61) Wells Committees.

62. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—For requesting Government to undertake legislation prohibiting the use of Primus Stoves.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES OF THE CORPORATION—

63. Regarding the re-appointment of Mr. T. K. Roddan as Executive Engineer for a further term of five years.

64. Regarding the amendment of the Municipal Act so as to change the designation of the Executive Engineer and permit of a personal allowance being given to him.

65. Regarding the amendment of the Bombay Improvement Trust Transfer Act, 1925, so as to enable the Trust to advance money to the buyers of their plots for the construction of buildings thereon.

66. Regarding the rules for governing the award of grants to private primary schools in the City.

67. Regarding the grievances of Municipal Workmen.

68. Confirmation of the proceedings of Special Committees.

By Order of the President.

R. P. DESAI,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 28th January, 1930.

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TO TIMBER PURCHASERS.

For information regarding sal and other timbers available from the U. P. Government Forests please apply to:—

DIVISIONAL FOREST OFFICER,
Utilisation Division,
Bareilly, U. P.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their Advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement columns.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court (First Floor) this WEDNESDAY, afternoon, the 29th instant, at 3 o'clock (S. T.)

BUNDALIBHOY HAJEEBHOY,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Sheriff's Office,
High Court,
Bombay, 29th January, 1930.

146

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that notices have been given under Section 36(n) of the Municipal Act, for motions to the following effect being placed before the Corporation when the Budget Estimates for the year 1930-31 are discussed:—

1. By Mr. M. E. Serang—For estimating the rate charged for the supply of water to the Race Course at the rate of As. 10 per 1,000 gallons instead of at Re. 1 as proposed by the Standing Committee.

2. By Mr. M. M. Killedar—For estimating the rate charged for the supply of water to Milch Cattle Stables at the rate of As. 8 per 1,000 gallons instead of at As. 10 as proposed by the Standing Committee.

By Order of the President,
R. P. DESAI,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office.
Bombay, 28th January, 1930.

143

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the number of unauthorized weather frames and stall-boards in the City is increasing, the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay has decided to take action for the removal of all the unauthorized weather-frames and stall-boards.

Shop-keepers are hereby warned that unless the necessary permission is obtained on application to the Municipal Executive Engineer action for the removal of the weather-frames and stall-boards will be taken by him under Section 314 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act 1888 as amended from time to time.

Permission for (1) weather-frames not exceeding 4 feet in width and not less than 10' in height from the surface of the road and (2) for stall-boards not exceeding one twentieth of the width of the road over which they project but subject to a maximum of 2 feet, will be granted on payment of fees which will be charged according to the following rates:—

FOR WEATHER-FRAMES

(1) Annas four per sq. yard per annum subject to the minimum fee of Rs. 10 per annum.

FOR STALL-BOARDS.

(a) Where the projection measures 1 sq. yard or more, Rs. 3 per month per sq. yard or a fraction thereof.

(b) Where the projection is less than a sq. yard Rs. 2 per month.

The other conditions in respect of these projections will be communicated by the Executive Engineer, Bombay Municipality, on application.

A. R. DALAL,
Municipal Commissioner,
for the City of Bombay.

144

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 33 of 1930.

The Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay .....Plaintiffs.

V|s.

HASSAN HAJI MAHOMED ..... Defendant.

To,

HASSAM HAJI MAHOMED, Esqr.
Defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that this Hon'ble Court will be moved before Mr. Justice Rangnekar on Thursday, the 6th February, 1930, at 11-15 o'clock on the part of the Plaintiffs for an Order that pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit some fit and proper person be appointed Receiver of the property mentioned in the plaint with all usual powers and that the Defendant do pay the Plaintiffs' costs of this notice and Order and of the application for Interim Receiver. AND TAKE NOTICE ALSO that an Order granting special leave to serve this Notice of Motion and appointing Mr. H. G. Mhatre Ag. Estate Agent of the Plaintiffs Interim Receiver in the meantime was made on the 9th January 1930.

Dated this 10th day of Jan., 1930.

(Sd.) CRAWFORD BAYLEY & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

142

THE MOOLJI HARIDAS MILLS, LIMITED.
(In Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the abovenamed Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at Henshaw Buildings, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 6th day of February, 1930, at 5 p.m. (S. T.) in the afternoon, as required by Section 216 of the Indian Companies Act and that at such time and place the Liquidators will lay before the meeting a statement for the period 4th January 1929 to 3rd January 1930 containing the particulars prescribed by the said Act with respect to the proceedings in and the position of the liquidation of the Company.

Dated this 27th day of Jan. 1930.

DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN.
Liquidators' Attorneys
13-19, Medows Street, Fort,
Bombay.

137

TENDERS.

NOTICE.

TENDERS IN SEALED COVERS ARE INVITED by the undersigned for a SANITARIUM building to be erected at NASIK. They must be submitted on or before 12th February next.

Copies of Tender can be had on payment of Rs. 15 per copy and plans, if required, can be had on payment of Rs. 35 per set. Drawings, Conditions of Contract, etc., can be inspected in the Office during office hours.

Tenderers will be required to submit a cash deposit of Rs. 3,000 (not bearing any interest) with their tenders which will be returned to them in case of non-acceptance of the same.

The owner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

SHAPURJI N. BUCHIA,
A.R.I.B.A., etc.,
Chartered Architect, etc.
R. B. Bansilal Motilal Mansion,
Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay.

124

TWO FLATS ARE TO BE LET

In RAVAL BUILDING, opposite N. Powell & Co., Lamington Road, to Vegetarian Hindus. Rent Rs. 210 and Rs. 220 per month for permanent tenants.

Apply third floor, to the owner.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1602 of 1927.

VINAYAK HARISCHANDRA, Plaintiff.
vs.
RAMARAO HARISHCHANDRA, AND ORS. Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Consent Order made in the above suit and bearing date the 12th day of August, 1929, the following immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court at his Office in the Court House on Wednesday the 29th day of January, 1930, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time.)

PARTICULARS.

LOT NO. 1.

ALL that undivided half share in a piece or parcel of Toka land or ground together with a house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Parel village, containing by admeasurement 275 square yards or thereabouts registered under Collector's New No. 14184 and B14185, New Survey No. 1/78, 3/78, 3/81 and 4/81 and Cadastral Survey No. 362 of Parel and Sewree Division and bearing Municipal F. Ward. No. 2633 and street No. 40J.

LOT NO. 2.

ALL that undivided half share in a piece or parcel of Toka land or ground together with a structure erected thereon situate, lying and being at Parel village, containing by admeasurement 86 square yards or thereabouts under Collector's New No. 14185, New Survey No. 2/68, and Cadastral Survey No. 346 of Parel and Sewri Division and bearing Municipal F. Ward No. 2668 Street No. 1322.

LOT NO. 3.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure together with a dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Mahim Agar, containing by admeasurement 1996 square yards or thereabout.

LOT NO. 4.

ALL that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure with a well therein situate, lying and being at Mahim Agar, containing by admeasurement 1997 square yards or thereabouts.

LOT NO. 5.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure together with a dwelling house standing thereon and a well therein situate, lying and being at Mahim Agar, containing by admeasurement 3982 square yards or thereabouts.

NOTE:—The abovementioned Lot Nos. 3, 4 and 5 are parts of the original piece of land measuring 7975 square yards bearing Collector's New Nos. 3956 and 4146, New Survey Nos. 1762 and 1764 and Cadastral Survey No. 1260 of Lower Parel Division and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under G Ward Nos. 2783, 2784, 2787 (2) 2787 (3) and 2788 and Street Nos. 248, 249, 252A, 252B, 253 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North by a public passage leading to Gokhale Road, on or towards the East partly by the property of Mahadeo Atmaram Vaidya and partly by the property of Narayan Atmaram Vaidya, Parshotam Atmaram Vaidya, Shripad Vinayak Vaidya and Mukund Vinayak Vaidya on or towards the South by a public passage leading to a main Road, on or towards the West partly by the property of Babaji Anant Thakur, Bai Anabai widow and Jainarayan Ramchandra Kore and partly by the property of Messrs. Ratilal Manchubhai and Chimanlal Manchubhai administrators of the estate of Manchubhai Balgovandas.

LOT NO. 6.

ALL that piece or parcel of Suti land or ground together with a message tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Malad in South Salsette District Bombay Suburban, having an area of 13 Acres, Cess 61-1-8 and bearing Khata No. 23.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs THAKOREDAS AND COMPANY, Attorneys for the plaintiff abovenamed at No. 38 Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 9th day of December 1929.

R. S. DADACHANJI.
Commissioner.

AUCTION SALES

GANDHI AND CO

SALE THIS DAY AT 4-30 (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF PRO AT KHANDIA STREET.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO tioneers, will under inst from Messrs. Shah & Co., neys for the Transferees gage and on accou at the risk of Mo Hisamudin Hussein Miya and Mahomed Miya Sheikh Ebrahim Chowley legal representative of th Mortgagor, in pursuance power of sale reserved Transferees of Mortgagee an Indenture of Mortgage the 9th August 1912 made bet Shaikh Ismail Bin Shaikh A Chawley and Hisamudin Hus Miya Dolare of the one part Hakma Motaji and Co. of other part sell by public auction the undermentioned Immoveable propperty on WEDNESDAY, the 29th January 1930 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of Quit and ground rent tenure land with dwelling house situate at Khandia Street containing by admeasurement 66 6/9 square yards Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1523 New No. 8686, Old Survey No. 2693 and New Survey No. 4105 and Cadastral Survey No. 1094 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "E" Ward No. 366 and Street Nos. 16-18 and bounded as follows:—on the East by the said Khandia Street on the West by the Sweeper's passage on the North by the property of Bapusaheb Shahbudin Kafray and on or towards the South by the property of Shaikh Mahomed Pathan.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale please apply to Messrs. Shah & Co., Attorneys for the Transferees of Mortgage at their office at Usuf Building, Hornby Road, Fort or to the Undersigned

GANDHI & CO.,

MESSRS. BENNETT &

AUCTION SALE OF OLD A AND AMMUNITION.

Under instructions from Commissioner of Police, bay, Messrs. BENNETT Co. will (THIS DAY) NESDAY, the 29th instan 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Auction at the Head Police opposite the Crawford Mark

A lot of old arms and am tion consisting of daggers, rifles guns, automatic pist volvers, cartridges, swords, nets, etc., etc.

The above is on view.

BENNETT

MESSRS. MENESSE

AUCTION SALE OF UN AND CONFISCATED BELONGING TO THE MENT CUSTOMS MENT.

In accordance with S of the Sea Customs Act 1878 and under instruc the Collector of Custom Messrs. MENESSE & CO by Public Auction on DAY, the 29th January 2 p.m. at the New Cust Ballard Road, the goods:—

Wearing apparel, W ture Post Cards Wines Perfumery, Wireless S cessories, Fountain- Spices, and other articles.

MEN

HYDRAUL
Guaranteed. Saf
Remedy to Cure Hy
an Operation in all
Rs. 15/8/- per bot
Apply to—
S. SHERMAN, Bali

Y CITY AND UBURBS.

—:o:—

TO-DAY.

Standing Committee,

Bator City" Series of Mr. S. C. Joshi's "The Labourer and Nagpada Neighbour- e. 6-30 p.m.

DAY, January 30.

Assembly City Non- n, By-election; Scru- mination Papers, Col- ffice, Old Custom

DAY, February 1. es: First day of Big

TO JURYMEN.—Com- attention is drawn to ppearing in the Public Column.

HIGH SCHOOL.— al School Sports come o (Wednesday), at 6 p.m., when Rev J. MacKenzie will pre- side.

DADAR YOUTH LEAGUE AND S. S. DAL.—In G Ward Congress Committee's celebration of Independence Day, the Dadar Youth League and Swastika Seva Dal took part.

WESTERN INDIA NATIONAL LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the Council of the Western India National Liberal Association will be held in Sir Chimanlal Setalvad's Chambers (113, Esplanade Road, Fort), to-day (Wednesday), at 6 p.m. (S. T.).

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—Mr. L. A. Halsall, of the Anglo-Siam Corporation Limited, has been elected as Vice-President of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce for the year 1930-1931.

NEW OFFICES OF FREE PRESS.—The office of the Free Press of India, Ltd., will be removed from the Temple Bar Building to Jhaveri House, 110, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay from Saturday (1st prox.).

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

We have received the following: One wall and a table calendar from the Gold Filled Button Mfg Co., Bombay.

One table calendar from Burgoyne Burbidges & Co., Ltd.

One "Rashtravagnya Calendar" from Shrangar Wachanalaya, Bombay.

One wall calendar with India's from Gvalani Bros., Karachi.

Two wall calendars from the Assurance Co., Ltd., Cal-

One table calendar from Popat- Harlal & Co., Ahmedabad.

MOVEMENTS.—The steamer "Shunko Maru" pore for Bombay on January and is due to Bombay on the 8th via Colombo.

P. Y. K. steamer "Awa Colombo for Bombay h inst; and is due to on Friday morning, n at 8 a.m.

DISTRIBUTION.—The of Prizes of the mji Hindu Girls' High take place at the Sir angir Public Hall, on 7), at 5-45 p.m. Her Maharani Chimnabai ll preside and distri- zes.

R'S CUP COMPET- Killedar's Sports Cup will take place uspices of the Anju- High School Gym- Islam Gymkhana, a Face, to-morrow at 3 p.m. Hon. fin Ahmed, Minister will preside.

STATE AFFAIRS.— ing of the residents in Bombay will be (Wednesday), at 6 Baug, C. P Tank, inst the repressive d recently by the he Jodhpur State. l Bansilal will pre- s. Amritlal Sheth,

GENERAL MOTORS FACTORY.

—:o:—

Under-Age Boys Not Employed.

We published yesterday a report of a case under the Factories Act in which Mr. G. C. Seers, Managing Director, and Mr. E. C. Richards, Production Manager, of General Motors (India), Limited, were stated to have been convicted by the Presidency Magistrate, Second Court, on charges of allowing under-age boys to work overtime. It was also stated in our report that evidence of some of the boys was heard in Court. The report was inaccurate and no evidence of any under-age boys was unheard and in fact no under-age boys are employed in the factory of General Motors (India) Limited at Sewri. The charge was as a fact one of permitting men to work overtime. We very much regret that an inaccurate report was published in "The Chronicle."

Mr. Saldanha Remanded.

—:o:—

Peter Neri Saldanha, who surrendered himself to the Bombay City Police, on Monday, was remanded to police custody till February 7, by Mr. Oscar Brown, Additional Presidency Magistrate of Bombay, pending the receipt of a warrant from the Sessions Judge of Nasik.

Niranjan Sharma and others will speak.

CO-OPERATIVE TRAINING CLASS.—The third lecture of the Co-operative Training Class arranged by the Girgaum Co-operative Institute will be delivered by Mr. P. R. Mulay, Propaganda Officer, Bombay Co-operative Institute, to-day (Wednesday), at 6-0 p.m. at the Maratha High School, Girgaum, on "Constitution and Working of Urban Societies"

STAGING OF "SOUBHADRA".—The Yeshwant Sangit Mandali will stage their popular Play "Soubhadra" at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.), to-day (Wednesday), at the Ripon Theatre, Grant Road, in aid of the publication of the Second Volume of the late Mr. Justice K. T. Telang's Writings and Speeches, which the Gowd Saraswat Brahmin Mitra Mandal is publishing.

DR. JAMES H. COUSINS' LECTURE.—Dr. James H. Cousins Principal, School of International Culture, Madras, will deliver a public lecture in the University Convocation Hall, on "Poetry, its Body and Soul" under the auspices of the University, to-day (Wednesday), at 5-30 p.m. Mr. H. Hamill, I. E. S., Principal of the Elphinstone College, will preside. A few seats in the body of the Hall will be reserved for ladies, Fellows of the University and Professors of Colleges.

MR. J. KRISHNAMURTHI.—Mr. J. Krishnamurti will arrive in Bombay on Thursday morning by Madras Mail "en route" to Europe and America. At 8-30 a.m. on the 31st instant, he will take a Questions and Answers meeting at the Blavatsky Lodge, and at 6-30 in the evening he will give a public lecture in Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall. Both these meetings are open to the public.

COMMUNAL ELECTORATES.—Under the auspices of the Indian Institute of Political and Social Science, Mr. S. G. Warty will deliver the third of the series of lectures on Nehru Committee's Report at the Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, on Sunday (the 2nd prox.), at 9-0 a.m. the subject of the lecture being Communal Electorates. The lectures are open to the public.

PASS IT ON TO MR. MEHERALLY.

Mr. Yusuf J. Meherally writes:—"A Youth League lady volunteer dropped a gold wrist watch after the Independence meeting at Chowpatty, somewhere near Charni Road railway-crossing. It appears the same was picked up by another gentleman who was inquiring after its owner. He is requested to return the watch to me at the "Vanguard" Office, 22, Apollo Street, Fort, or C/o Congress House, so that it may be handed over to its owner."

lth's sake have one WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS a day.

remedy for Gout, Gravel, ism and all Kidney and rs. Insist al and E'S

LFE'S C SCHIEDAM IAPPS

HERBERT, SON & CO., LTD., BOMBAY.

ORGANISING G. I. P. WORKERS FOR STRIKE

Leaders Propaganda All Over The Line.

M. S. M. RAILWAYMEN'S SYMPATHY.

The Secretary, Strike Committee writes:—

With a view to carry on an extensive propaganda for the forthcoming strike of the G. I. P. Railway workers on the 4th February, general meetings at the following stations at times noted against the will be held. All Railway workers are earnestly requested to attend.

Round Maidan, Bombay V. T., 29th instant, 5-30 p.m.

Kurla Yard, 30th instant, 4 p.m.

Kurla Car Shed, 31st instant, 5-30 p.m.

Byculla Running Shed, 31st instant, 4 p.m.

Byculla Telegraph and Work shop, Ticket Printing Press, 1st Feb., 1 p.m.

S. M. Railwaymen's Support To G. I. P. Comades.

—:o:—

HUBLI, Jan. 28.

A public meeting was held yesterday in the Moulali Maidan under the chairmanship of Mr Chajuram. Mr. R. Srinivasu General Secretary, addressed the meeting and explained about his interview with the Chief Mechanical Engineer, Perambur. The following resolutions were then passed:—

1. This meeting sympathises with the G. I. P. Railwaymen in their struggle to get redress of their legitimate grievances and assures them of the whole-hearted support of their comrades on the M. and S. M. Railway.

2. This meeting requests the Hon. Member in Charge of Railways and Commerce to interfere in time and institute an impartial Committee of Enquiry to establish peace in the G. I. P. Railway before the declaration of a general strike on the 4th February by the workers as the last course open to them.

3. This meeting deplores the action of the Foreman, Mr. Atkinson and Chargeman Mr. Narayan singh of Hubli Workshop in victimising the leaders and the members of the Union and requests the Chief Mechanical Engineer to immediately transfer them and restore confidence in the Hubli Workshop.

4. This meeting reiterates the demands submitted to the Agent on the 20th December, 1929 and requests the administration to give effect to them at an early date as discontentment is growing among the workers.—Free Press.

Strike Meeting At Thana.

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

A crowded meeting of Cabinmen, Levermen, Office Staff, Station Staff and Ticket Inspectors in the employ of G. I. P. Railway was held on Saturday, at Goods Shed, Thana. As Mr. Shankarrao Joshi, D. C. I., who had previously consented to preside did not turn up Mr. M. Shriniwas Rao was voted to the Chair.

Mr. Chitale who had specially come from Lonavla informed the workers that the 'Threat to terminate the services of men who would go on strike' given by the Agent was merely a 'bluff'. He quoted rules from the Trade Union Act and pointed out that workers on no account can be victimised by the Agent.

Mr. Gadgil, a railway worker, explained to the men the attempts made by the G. I. P. Railway's Union for the co-operation of the Staff Union and the way the hand of co-operation was refused by the latter Union in the name of constitution and constitutional differances. He deplored the action of the leaders of the Staff Union, who passed a resolution advising the members to wark on 4th February.

Vikhroli Cabinman Mukashi condemned the policy of the Staff Union and asked its leaders either to fall in line with the G. I. P. Railwaymen's Union or get away from the movement for good.

Mr. Z. R. Chowdhary speaking in Hindi said that it was now an established fact that there was going to be a strike on 4th February. The Agent's trip to Delhi, his threat to staff through Weekly Notices, his statement in press were some of the instances to convince that the whole G. I. P. staff was ready for strike.

The Chairman in closing the meeting explained the demands of the men and the Agent's reply and said that the strike was the only weapon now left in the hands of the men for the redress of their grievances.

BOMBAY APPEAL ADMITTED BY PRIVY COUNCIL.

—:o:—

Champa Galli Property Under Dispute.

According to a cable received in Bombay, the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council has allowed the plaintiff's appeal in the suit of Rustomji Ardeshir Cooper vs. Dhairyavan, Annasaheb, Narandas Thakersay Mooljl and others against the judgment of the Bombay Appeal Court which had reversed the judgment of the Original Court (Mr. Justice Talyarkhan) and has restored with costs the original judgment and decree.

This was a suit filed for specific performance of agreement between the parties for sale by plaintiff's to defendants of undivided half share in plaintiff's property at Champa Gali, Bombay, for Rs. 1,90,000, and for specific performance as regards the sale of the remaining half of the property in terms of the agreements.

The defence was that the plaintiff was not entitled to call upon the defendants to complete the sale before complying with certain other terms of the agreement.—A. P.

Lady Sykes gave away the prizes at the Scottish Orphanage, Mahim, on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Goodall and Mrs. C. A. Barron dined at Government House, Bombay, on Tuesday.

Conviction Under Stamp Act.

—:o:—

Mr. Oscar Brown, the Additional Magistrate, who was trying Riot Cases at Mazagaon Police Court, has been transferred to Esplanade Police Court, to try criminal cases as the Chief Presidency Magistrate, would hear claim cases for damages arising out of the last Bombay riots.

On Tuesday, Mr. Brown heard three cases under the Indian Stamps Act.

The accused in the case were S. A. H. Najmi, a partner in the firm of Abid and Co., Provision Merchants at Parel Road, Vishwanath, a rent Collector in the service of Lalubhai Tribhavandas and three partners in the firm of Korshi Rowji and Co., Cumbala Hill. They were all charged with having passed receipts for sums over Rs. 20 without stamping as required by the Act.

Mr. Balaji Bapuji Rane, Assistant Superintendent of Stamps, Bombay gave evidence regarding the unstamped documents. The Magistrate convicted all the accused under the stamp Act and sentenced them to pay fines varying from Rs. 50 to Rs. 150.

GIRNI KAMGAR UNION.

—:o:—

Office-Bearers For New Year.

The following Press Bulletin has been issued by the G K. Union:—

The annual general meeting of the Girni Kamgar Union which could not be held in May last and for several months later owing to the prohibitory orders of the Police and Magistrate, was held at Damodhar Hall, on Sunday, 26th instant. Mr. Kandalkar, the President of the Girni Kamgar Union, occupied the Chair.

The following office-bearers for the current year were elected:—

President, G. L. Kandalkar; Vice-Presidents, R. B. Nerkar, P. T. Tamhanekar, Sahadeo Piraji and Abdul Majid; General Secretary, Philip Anthone; Secretary, S. V. Deshpande; Treasurer, B. T. Aluve and Baburao Shirke; Mrs. Dange was elected as an honorary member of the Union.

Latest Cotton Prices.

—:o:—

(Through Cotton Telegraph Information Service, Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Bombay).

NEW YORK MARKET.

MAY.

	New York, Jan. 28.
Previous Closing Rate	17.30
To-day's Opening Rate	17.30
Difference	Nil
To-day's Closing Rate	17.21
Difference	—.09

Broach Expectations Rs. 295-0-0

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

—:o:—

	Liverpool, Jan. 28.
Previous Closing Rate	9.20
To-day's Opening Rate	9.16
Difference	—.04
To-day's Closing Rate	9.18
Difference	—.02

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

—:o:—

	London Jan. 28.
Silver Ready	20 13 0
Higher	0 2 0
Silver Forward	20 3 0
Higher	0 2 0

Tone of market.—India bought.

BOMBAY PRICES.

—:o:—

	Bombay, Jan. 28.
1st Settlement	47 6 0
2nd Settlement	47 14 0

"TIMES OF INDIA" MISREPRESENTATION.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I heartily agree with Mr. R. D. Baliwala's comments in your issue of to-day on the matter of the Old Dame of Bori Bunder's lapses in describing the events of the Independence Day. I myself happened to be one on the spot and endorse every word of Mr. Baliwala's protest. Only I do not share his surprise as I have grown so accustomed to the infirmities of the "Times" that nothing whatsoever in its columns ever surprises me, much less the editorials which I generally read when I feel sleepy.

The events that took place in Bombay on the 26th are so very well-known that I need not proceed to disprove the report in the "Times". The "Times", I daresay, must be knowing in its heart of hearts what the truth of the matter is, but gravely disappointed at the extraordinarily peaceful behaviour of the public it must have eagerly anticipated, it rushed through its columns something of the nature a sensation though not quite sensational, to appease its sensation-loving readers. I am myself a reader, though thank God, not a subscriber, and the "Times", may take it that I read like most of its readers, the reports in the "Times", regarding national movements, with supreme contempt, because they appear to me to be contemptibly got up.—Yours, etc.,

R. H. BAXI.

Bombay, Jan. 28

INDIAN COTTON CONSUMPTION.

—:o:—

(THE EAST INDIA COTTON ASSO. LTD.)

Consumption in British India.

Bales of 400 lbs.

	During Nov. 1929	1st Sept. to 30th Nov. 1929
Bombay Island	70,530	199,813
Ahmedabad	28,680	89,,004
Bombay Presidency	115,352	339,456
Madras Presidency	17,994	53,324
United Provinces	18,326	54,646
Central Provinces and Berar	10,862	31,071
Bengal	8,049	23,394
Punjab and Delhi	5,480	16,910
Rest of British India	1,950	5,522
Total for British India	178,513	524.323

CONSUMPTION IN INDIAN STATES.

Bales of 400 lbs.

Name of State.	During Nov. 1929	1st Sept. to 30th Nov. 1929
Hyderabad	1,521	4,622
Mysore	3.850	11,290
Baroda	4.440	12,853
Gwallor	3,508	10,529
Indore	6.802	20,281
Other Indian States (Calculated from yarn production)	4,772	14,686
Total	24,893	74,261

STOP PRESS.

ASSEMBLY DEADLOCK.

—:o:—

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28.

The Viceroy granted an interview to Mr. Jayakar to-day. The Hon'ble Mr. Patel, to-day, consulted Sir Darcy Lindsay and Sir Zulfikarali Khan. Thus both His Excellency the Viceroy and Mr. Patel have consulted Party leaders on the Assembly deadlock with a view to seek advice to solve the deadlock. It is understood that no solution has yet been found.

Mr. Jinnah, Mr. Jayakar, Mr. Kelkar and Mr. Aney took counsel together this evening with a view to plan concerted party action.

It is hoped that Mr. Jinnah will meet the Viceroy to-morrow to carry further negotiation.

KUMBA MELA DISTURBANCE. ALLAHABAD, Jan. 28.

Various exaggerated reports about Kumbh Mela riot prevail in the city. The Commissioner of Alllahabad has issued the following press communique:—

A dispute occurred in the afternoon of 27th January between some Sewa Samiti Scouts and certain Bairagis at Alopi Bagh, Allahabad, during distribution of food by a Mahant to Sadhus as a result of which scouts were attacked by Btiragis and were persued to their camp in Kumbh Mela Area. A large body of Bairagis proceeded to attack the camp. Police intervened with the result that Bairagis tried to force an entrance into the Mela Kotwali. They were repulsed mainly owing to the courage and presence of mind of Mela Kotwal Chaudhri Risal Singh. For a time the situation was threatening but though the fight lasted for some time fortunately very little injury was caused to any of the parties concerned. One constable had a cut under his eye and about 20 constables were slightly hurt. Injuries were also received by ten but no one was seriously injured. A number of armed police and mounted sowars soon reached the scene of disorder and there has been no trouble since.—A. P.

Money Market.

—:o:—

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

B. C. RATE:—
T. T. 1|5 27|32.
D D 1|5 7|8

LONDON:—
Bank's Selling T T 1|5 7|8 Ready.
Banks Selling D D 1|5 29|32.
Banks Selling T T 1|5 7|8 January.
Banks Selling T T 1|5 7|8 February.
Banks Selling T T 1|5 27|32 March.
Banks Buying T T 1|5 15|16 Cash and January.
Banks Buying D D 1|5 31|32 Mail.
Banks Buying T T 1|5 15|16 February.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 3|16 Mail.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 3|16 January.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 3|16 February.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 5|32 March.

NEW YORK:—
B C Rate T T 276 1|2.
Banks Selling T T 276 1/4.
Banks Buying T T 275

PARIS:—
Banks Selling D D 922.
Banks Buying D D 932
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 940.

JAPAN:—
Banks Selling T T 135 1/2.
Banks Buying 60 Days 133.

HONGKONG:—
Banks Selling D D 111 1/4

SHANGHAI:—
Banks Selling D D 137 1/4

SINGAPORE:—
Banks Selling D D 155 3|4.

JAVA:—
Banks Selling D D 90 3|8.

CROSS RATE:—
New York/London 4.86 1/2 27th inst.
Shanghai/London 2/0 1/4 28th inst.
Japan/London 2/0 1/4 27th inst.
London/Paris 123.90 27th inst.
London/Belgium 34.935, 27th inst.
London/Switzerland 25.18 1/2 27th inst.
London/Italy 92.95 27th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.
Gold £4.4.11 1/2 25th inst. £4.4.10 3/4 27th inst.
Silver London Ready 20 11/16 25th inst. 20 5/8 27th inst.
Silver London Forward 20 1/2 25th inst. 20 7/16 27th inst.
Silver New York Ready 44 3/4 25th inst. 44 5/8 27th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos 3 31/32 per cent. 25th inst. 3 31/32 per cent. 27th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos 4 per cent. 25th inst. 4 per cent. 27th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 7 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 5 per cent.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 6 per cent nominal.
3 mos. 5 1/2 per cent.
6 mos. 5 per cent.
12 mos. 4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

LINSEED & WHEAT.

	Bombay, Jan. 28.
Wheat Jan.	7 1 6
Wheat May	6 15 6
Linseed May	11 15 6
Castorseed May	8 14 0
Cottonseed	3 13 0
Groundnuts Feb.	9 7 0
Mahooraseed	7 8 0
Cottonseed D.T. April	4 1 9
Groundnuts A.-M.	50 2 0
Groundnuts Khandesh	48 8 0
Groundnuts Madras	47 0 0

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, Jan. 27.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 63-1|2 lb. Cargoes: Jan.|Feb. shipment sellers 44|3.

Barletta Russo, per 63-1|2 lb. Cargoes: Jan.|Feb. shipment sellers 44|6.

Wheat, South Australian, Parcels: Jan. shipment sellers 45|9.

Wheat, Choice White Karachi: Nominal.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Our market has ruled steady but quiet to-day and prices both for Ready and Forward positions are nearly unaltered.

The following are the closing quotations ruling the bazar to-day:

Fine White Java Sugar:
Ready Rs. 12 per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 7 per cwt. F.B.H.
S.S. Hankow Maru Rs. 6|12|6 per cwt. F.B.H.
S.S. Tamatsu Maru Rs. 6|12 per cwt. F.B.H.
S.S. Qudea Rs. 6|12 per cwt. F.B.H.
Shipment Jan. Rs. 6|11|6 per cwt. F.B.H.
Shipment Feb.-March Rs. 6|14 per cwt. F.B.H.
Shipment March Rs. 7 per cwt. F.B.H.
Shipment April Rs. 7|2 per cwt. F.B.H.

B.R.B. Beet Sugar:
Ready Rs. 12|2 per cwt.
Shipment Jan.-March Rs. 6|15 per cwt. F.B.H.

Beet Sugar:—
Jan-March Rs. 6|14 per cwt. F.B.H.
Tone:—Quiet.

REMITTANCES— TREASU

—:o:—

(In pounds sterling.)

Total Remittances from April 1929 to 25 Jan. 1930.
Sterling purchases in India 14,610,0
Transfer from Paper Curr
Reserve in England to R
Treasury 9,500,0
Total 24,110,0

Treasury Bills Sales.

—:o:—

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 28th January 1930. The total amount tendered was Rs. 1,42,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 98|6|0 and above were allotted in full. All lower tenders were rejected. The total amount accepted was Rs. 1,17,50,000, and the average rate of accepted tenders was Rs. 6-7-10 per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of months Treasury Bills will ceived on Tuesday the 4th ary 1930. Successful tender make payment of the amo accepted tenders on Fri 7th February 1930. Co ditions are as usual.

Intermediate three treasury bills will be issu Wednesday the 29th Janu to Monday the 3rd Februar at Rs. 98|6|6 per cent.

Six months Treasury Bills from 21st January 1930 to January 1930 amounted to 19,50,000. Six months bills continue to be sold until notice at Rs. 97-2-0 per

LONDON SHARE

Messrs. Lew bay have rece quotations by London Agents Names
Millar's Timbe Ord.
London Tin S Ord.
Nundydroog C Ord.
Associated Ele Ord.
Attock Oil
Associated Port Cement
Underground Elec ways
Electric Supply Corpn
Snia Viscosa
Beira Railways
Calico Printers
Marconi Internatio Marine
Turner and Newa
James Finlay Ord.
General Elec
London and Wharves
West Rand C Mines
International America Ord
Malayalam Pla tions
British Burma um
Soudan Planta Syndicate
British S. Afri (Chartered)
Pahang Consol Ord.
African Asbest Trust.
Market quiet
Stock of rubber
Increase on week
Stock of rubb Liverpool
Increase on we

THE SEE ASSO

Castorseeds De ing Rs. 45|12 Highes Lowest 45|9 Closing Rs
Groundnut Seeds February Opening Rs. 48 est Rs. 48|9 Lowest Rs. 4 ing Rs. 48|8.
Gronudnut Seeds Deliv Opening Rs. 50|10 Highest Lowest Rs. 50|7 Closing

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON

Java Sugar, Fine Wh Standard, No. 25:
C and F Calcutta: Jan.|March per cwt
C and F Bombay Jan.|March per c
C and F Karachi Jan.|March per

LONDON STOCK

Lon

Chartered Bank of Hongkong & Shang (London Register
Funding Loan 4 p.
Conversion Loan
Indian Loan 5-1|2
Rupee Paper 3-1|2
Indian Stock 3 per Sterling Loan
Indian Stock 3-1|2 p Sterling Loan
Consols
War Loan 5 p.c.
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.

LONDON M

Lond

Copper Braziers
Yellow Metal
Spelter Hard Indi
Corrugated She
Tin English I

COLLEGE
COMMERCE.
(tablished 26 years.)
FUTURE DEPENDS ON
NG, INSURANCE, COM-
E AND JOINT STOCK
MPANY EXPANSION.
g students of Commerce
herefore give all attention
udy of Specialised Courses
Bank Officers (C. A. I. B.),
urance Managers (A. Ch. I. I.),
mpany Secretaries (F. I. S. A.),
d General Commerce Courses
. C. C., D. Com., M. C.), for
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THE
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WEDNESDAY, JANUARY, 29 1930.

INDIAN PRINCES.

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To the meagre and one sided literature on Indian States a welcome and timely addition is the recently published book "Indian Princes under British Protection," written by Mr. P. L. Chudgar, Bar-at-Law, and published by Messrs Williams and Norgate Ltd., London. Mr. Chudgar has some intimate knowledge of the condition in the States, having been a legal practitioner in the States of Western India Agency for over fourteen years, one of the principal organisers of the Indian State's Peoples' movement, and a member of the States People's Delegation to England. Apart from the credentials of the author, his book bears ample evidence of being based on authentic Administration Reports and on material carefully collected and sifted. The book is divided into two parts —Part 1 being a brief description in about a hundred pages of the present system of administration prevailing in most States, and part II discussing in about as many pages vital constitutional problems confronting the states in general. The book closes with four appendices one of which contains full statistical information indicating the moral and material condition of a few leading States This appendix by itself tells its own sad tale unfolded in detail in the book. The book is frankly propagandist and as such has its implerfection. Some of the statements against the Princes and their ways are a little too sweeping and cannot be wholly accepted unless better documented. But on the whole it is a fair, concise and complete case for the People of the States, a vivid picture of their numerous grievances, and a reasoned plea for radical and immediate constitutional reform. Some of the chapters therein will challenge investigation and all will provoke thought and criticism. But as the Rt. Hon. J. C. Wedgwood M. P., who writes a foreword to the book, observes, the book "needed writing". "The English edition of the book is priced at 6s. net. But we trust vernacular editions will soon be made available at a much cheaper price.

Some of the chapters in t. book will arrest the notice of even the most casual reader. One such is on "The Life of a Prince —Pleasures and Travels marriage ceremonies and married Life." This chapter dwells at some length on the ruinous expenditure of some Princes outside India and quotes in extense the letter which was published in our columns about five years ago over the signature of "A Maharani" and which created quite a sensation throughout the country. Another striking chapter is that which is entitled "Slavery and Forced Labour" in which the author, quoting figures and other documentary evidence, alleges that downright slavery still exists in some States and forced labour is rampant in many more. To this vital topic we shall return on another occasion. For the present we shall only commend Mr. Chudgar's challenging book to every one interested in the Indian States.

AMERICAN INVASION.

—:o:—

The other day Sir Frederick Sykes observed in his speech before the Associated Chambers of Commerce that the Americans were planning a big invasion of this country in the form of trade encroachment. This view is now supported by news we have from the United States. It appears that the services of Mr. Spofford, whose name is not unknown to many of our readers, have been requisitioned for launching, in true American fashion, a big campaign to capture the markets of this country both for imports and exports. The "San Francisco Daily Bulletin" in a recent issue published headlines announcing "Plans to drive trade with the Orient" and "Billions seen in opening commerce gates". It appears that the State Chamber of Commerce at Sacramento passed a resolution favouring radical innovations in Californi's relations with India and China. Mr. Spofford was the American Trade Commissioner here. On his return to the United States he tried to earn cheap notoriety by boosting British rule and misrepresenting the conditions in this country. Mr. Tairsee, President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, in his speech at one of the quarterly meetings, replied to Mr. Spofford and severely took him to task for his views which criticised adversely Indian aspirations. It was the same Mr. Spofford who is now evidently going to play the part of publicity agent to this new corporation which will be probably started to dump on the Indian soil cheap American wares. He is now the Federal Trade Commissioner there and the Chamber of Commerce will consider his scheme for the "development of an Oriental consciousness through education, publication and trade research channels." Americans will, however, not rest content with passing resolutions. Leading steamship lines are preparing to cooperate by increasing their fleets in anticipation of heavy growth of oriental trade in the event of the above suggestions being carried out. The various suggestions made by Mr. Spofford and Mr. Arnold, who is the commercial attache in China, may be summed up as follows:—Development of intellectual as well as commercial intercourse by encouraging study of Far Eastern geography and civilisation in Californian schools, establishment of an American college for Americans in China, establishment of a department of Oriental languages and literature at the University of California. Even this hustling campaign in educating the youths of America in the art and literature of India and China is not considered sufficient. The newspapers will be brought into service also. This will be done by the development of American journalism in China by means of schools and establishing a leading American journal there and the publication by newspapers and trade periodicals of more news concerning India and China and lowering of cable press rates.

It will thus be seen that the plans made for the American invasion are not of a negligible character but have been drawn out systematically. India has been suffering in her cotton textile industry through the competition of Lancashire, Italy and Japan. This new attack by the United States may be directed against not one industry but against several industries and the result will be that our infant industries specially will be the losers. Sir Frederick Sykes' warning was not thus baseless but, from all that appears in the American Press was the result of reliable information Government must have obtained regarding American developments. The best method of fighting against this invasion is to organise and develop our industries and trade and the institutions which are meant to cater to them. More than this it is the duty and function of Governments, both Imperial and Provincial, to guard against this invasion by placing heavy import duties on foreign articles and in other ways favouring indigenous industries and discriminating in their favour against their foreign competitors. By their present "laisseze faire" attitude they will not stem the tide of foreign competition and if they persist in that attitude further it may be taken for granted that when this country becomes free it will have but a bare and empty shell with all the life taken out.

SUBTLE CAMPAIGN.

—:o:—

The subtle campaign in Britain to raise amongst the investing public the bogey that the resolution passed by the Lahore Congress means that an independent India will not honour her pledged financial word and that she will behave dishonestly proceeds apace. The letter from a correspondent to the India Office regarding Indian sterling securities and the reply by Sir A. Hirtzel to it which Mr. Benn has authorised to be released for public information are a part of the campaign. The India Office communication imparts the superfluous knowledge that Indian sterling securities, charged on the revenues of India, are not guaranteed by the British Parliament. Every British investor dealing with Indian securities is aware of this. But the sting of the communication is in its tail. It says it is "inconceivable that Parliament would fail to provide for safeguards, should they be needed, against a breach of conditions under which these (Indian) loans have been issued". The letter, however, conveniently omits reference to the fact the Congress resolution affirmed that the question of debts plied upon India should be investigated by an independent tribunal, on which obviously there will be room for non-Indians as well as Indians. Self-governing India will be fully guided by the judgment of this tribunal which it is clear will not do injustice to any legitimate creditor. The Indian people have no intention whatsoever of repudiating debts from which they have benefited, but they strongly object to imposition of crushing loans, drawn from foreign sources, upon them without securing their consent to their issue for purposes prejudicial, in the view of right-thinking men, to the country's interests.

NOT SO BAD.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad is a super-optimist; he refuses to be disappointed with British declarations. Even the last speech of the Viceroy, he says, is not so bad as it might appear. How could it be otherwise, he wonders, when the Viceroy "reiterates that Britain is fully agreed with India that the latter should attain Dominion Status and that the Round Table Conference is to be held for determining how that goal is to be attained as speedily as possible?" A convenient formula that, "as speedily as possible," the British of course being the judges of the pace and the Moderates never venturing to demur! Sir Chimanlal Setalvad then goes on saying "ay" "ay" to almost every view expressed by the Viceroy. The only unusual thing about his statement is that it is published so many hours after the Viceroy's speech.

There is, however, one point in the Viceroy's speech which Sir Chimanlal ventures to describe as "not very happy." That is the reference to the distinction between destination and the completion of the journey. But Sir Chimanlal makes haste to add instantly that the speech read "as a whole" does not "necessarily" mean a long delay in reaching the destination. From his own point of view Sir Chimanlal is right. The goal will be reached "as speedily as possible." Sir Chimanlal's variation of the formula is that "the journey's end will be within sight in an extremely short period." Blessed are those that aspire not, for they shall ever be contented.

SILLY.

—:o:—

To the enthusiast in the House of Commons whose idea evidently is that "Law and Order" in India, as the bureaucracy visualizes it, will remain imperilled so long as Congress volunteers are not disbanded by a Government ukase, Mr. Benn gave the well-deserved snub of a reply that he had nothing to add to the Viceroy's statement of January 24 regarding Government policy. Mr. Bracken, M.P., wants action to be taken by Government to disband Congress volunteers and other die-hards will. We have no doubt, be glad if even the Congress is declared to be an illegal association. But we presume that with all their threats of repression the bureaucracy will have the wisdom of not harbouring the silly notions of Mr. Bracken and his like.

PRESENT DAY INDIAN STUDENT.

WHY HE IS DISCONTENTED.

(BY "S".)

I read with considerable interest the report of Mr. B. J. Desai's inaugural address to the members of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood which appeared in your esteemed journal the other day. While thanking Mr. Desai for his outspoken and sincere advice to the students, I think there is another side to the picture. That an academic degeneration has crept in during the course of the last decade is an acknowledged fact. No one disputes that I am sure. The students themselves realise it. I may say that the students themselves are wondering at this lack of equipment with which they leave their colleges. A vast army of graduates every year files out of the portals of the University without any definite aim or goal before it. These young men are dumped on the market without there being any demand for them. Mr. Desai asks why do they not go in for technical education? Why should so many young men go to the colleges? And he gives the example of the French student who, unless he is very brilliant, is sent to a factory immediately he leaves school. On that French student University education is not wasted.

NOT THE STUDENT'S FAULT.

I admit that University education in India is criminally wasteful. But is it the student's fault? The French student may join a factory and learn the complete mechanism of the automobile and the aeroplane. But is there any such opening to the Indian student who finishes his school education? It is well known that the V. J. Technical Institute—the only institution of its kind in this big city of Bombay—is not able to cope with the demand which the students make on it. I can assure Mr. Desai that the students themselves are fed up with University degrees—which mean little to them in life. They go in for college education simply because a matriculate has no value in the market. I am sure the Indian student hates the idea of being a clerk as much as Mr. Desai does. We realise that a nation of clerks can never win its independence. I want Mr. Desai to show us what a matriculate should do. Is there a demand for them in any of the industries? I am afraid an untrained matriculate is regarded as a white elephant in any industrial line. There is a larger demand from students to be trained in the technical and mechanical lines. But our demand is not met. What is a matriculate to do?

FRUSTRATED HOPES.

A matriculate does not fetch more than forty rupees a month as a clerk. He is a hard working fellow and an average student according to the standard set up by the University. Four years of College education he thinks would bring him a better outlook on life and a degree—with better chances of employment. He is naturally tempted to a college. He has not specialised in any subject. In the F. Y. A. he continues his education very much on the same lines as he did in school. Not till he reaches the B.A., (if he is an Arts student) does he get the subjects of his choice. Two years of it—just when he has begun to take a genuine interest in his work—and the University throws him out on the market—after making him witness the pompous parade of the members of the Syndicate and the Fellows of the Senate and after the Chancellor has spoken to him honeyed words of his great dignity and position.

CLOSED AVENUES.

Without equipment, with just a little hunger for knowledge aroused in him he is thrown out in the world to fight the battle of employment. Four years of College education have taxed his parents enough. He cannot proceed further. He hungrily scans the "Wanted Columns". He looks to Government jobs as the most secure. But Government reserves most of its good jobs for those who have the supreme advantage of a fair skin. (Is not this Preference with a vengeance?) The minor jobs go not on merit but on communal considerations. Thus a premium is placed on inefficiency. Real merit is not recognised. Soon, the unfortunate

(Continued on page 10.)

HOW SOCIAL DEMOCRACY IS GROWING.

LABOUR & SOCIALISM IN EUROPE.

(BY SUNDER KABADI.)

III

In addition to the great official wireless transmission stations, numerous radio clubs exist in Belgium which send out transmissions on short waves. This organisation "Le Reseau Belge" (The Belgian Net) is under reactionary influence Alongside this, there is a number of Socialist Radio Clubs and a Socialist transmission station in Liege. Besides this, the Party members in the Flemish language area have created a great organisation which sends out weekly concerts and speeches. The Belgian Labour Party has now given attention to the question how this splendid new means of propaganda can be made use of for the Labour movement and oppose the reactionary influence over the wireless. The Brussels Party has issued an appeal to join the Socialist Radio Clubs which already exist and where this is not the case to take steps for the formation of such clubs. The General Secretary of the Party has worked out a detailed report on the attitude of the Party to the wireless and its legal regulation, which will be submitted to the General Council very soon.

CONFERENCE IN JAPAN.

A Conference of the Japanese Social Democratic Party, which took place early this month passed a declaration in which the Party speaks out against the methods of the Communist International. They say that the Communist Movement represents the greatest danger for socialism and have rejected forcible methods of achieving power in Japan, desiring to work in Parliament in a constitutional manner. A Communist opposition group which attempted to split the Party was expelled. Professor Abe was elected Chairman and Katjama as Secretary. The latter should not be confused with Katayama, a member of the Communist Party living in Moscow.

STATE INSURANCE IN AUSTRALIA.

Profits from the States Insurance system in force in Queensland, Australia, are used to provide compensation for industrial diseases. This year, the Department has shown profits amounting to over £51,000, of which no less than £30,000 has been set aside towards compensation for industrial diseases, principally miners' phthisis. Premium income in this section for the year exceeded £447,000 and claims paid amounted to £330,000. The Department does a large life assurance business, a record increase of £258,000 being shown in the revenue account, bringing the total funds to £1,708,160. On whole-life policies a bonus of £2.10's per cent is paid and on endowment policies a bonus of £1.14s. per cent. In addition to assurance for workmen's compensation, miners' phthisis, and miscellaneous accidents, the department does a large fire and marine insurance business as well as ordinary life insurance for the workmen of the country.

BRITISH TRADE UNIONISM.

A closely reasoned analysis of the structure and organisation of the Trade Union Movement, with special reference to its significance from the point of view of the non-manual workers, formed the core of a singularly interesting address delivered by Mr. Walter M. Citrine, the General Secretary of the Trades Union Congress, at a Conference of Engineering and Shipbuilding Draughtsmen held in London on 14th December. Mr. Citrine outlined the origins and development of the movement and showed how its aims were as important to the "black-coats" as to the mass of the workers. "The problem dealt with by the Trade Union Movement" he declared, "is a problem that vitally concerns everyone who toils. Strip it of superficialities and it simply means that we are fighting poverty."

At their monthly meeting, the General Council of the Trades Union Congress appointed their representatives to the International Trades Union Congress to be held in Stockholm in July next. They also appointed their two women members as representatives to the International Trade Union Women's Conference to be held there at the same time. The Council agreed to provide four scholarships for younger trade union officials to attend a summer school to be held in Berlin next August under the auspices of the International Federation, and it was further decided that the six residential scholarships at the Ruskin College at Oxford, provided by the Council should be continued for a further period of three years.

NOTES OF THE

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Test Of Their Sincerity.

The leaders of the del to the Five-Power Naval ence met on Monday at cial residence of the Bri mier to prepare a "tentat da" for submission to the session of the Conferenc efforts to produce a sch all-round reduction will of the sincerity of the ment's participating in ference to promote the disarmament. The diffi their way are immense, both Britain and Americ sitate to agree to a redu cruisers, while Japan wi ten to a reduction in b As for France and Italy are they adamant on th of retaining the submari engine of destruction but tion of parity in naval s in their eyes more vital question of all-round The members of the British monweatlh and the Dependc of India are represented at the Conference. It is their duty to impress upon the Five Naval Powers the urgency of approaching the question from the point of view of relieving the long suffering tax-payers from the enormous burden of paying for the manufacture of armaments.

In A Fix.

The well-known British weekly journal "The Saturday Review" is in a fix. It is anxious to tender advice regarding Indian policy to the MacDonald Government, of a type which will not be summarily rejected as a die-hard remedy, it is also anxious in true die-hard fashion to warn its readers of the "peril" in India. In a leading article on the "Crisis in India" in its issue of January 4 it begins by admitting that it is a great error "to dismiss the Indian National Congress as of no account." It tells its readers that that "the Congress does matter," and it also consdiers it necessary to tell them that the Indian Liberals, "although guided by such estimable persons as Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Mr. Sastri" are unable to "quench fire one-tenth part as rapidly as the Congress can light it." Helplessly it refers its readers to the article by Mr. Garvin in the "Observer" of December 29 regarding India, an article upon which we commented recently. "The Saturday Review" would like Britain "to go forward" in India in "whatever policy it may eventual adopt." Hardly a piece of adv from which either the Brit public or the MacDonald Gov ment can realise any practica nefit.

World Unity.

Seekers after Universal B hood will find in "World an instructive and inspiring zine. It is the organ of th Unity Foundation (4 Ea Street. New York City), by the State of New York The main purpose of the tion is stated to be 'to facilities for promoting th cal, humanitarian and ideals and principles whi harmony and understandi religions, races, nati classes." For the pres main activities of the are to hold Unity Confer to conduct the "Worl magazine. The magazine interpret and record th ficant changes in p thought which mark the ward world-wide und and a humanised civilis to release the finer asp mankind." It is edited John Herman Randall "contributing editors" number of eminent pub all parts of the world. zine maintains a high merit and we wish it cess in its noble missi

A Thought For The D

"It is the Indian p must have the final sa termination of the fo ernment best suited From the day of it (in 1865), this journa ed in the doctrine tha of good government on a people by offici other country can ta of self-government, This may be, as som ing theory to indefe We can, however, no our position than co rican Absolutionists, that if they persiste demand for freedo gros, the United St come nothing but "So we are for i ple of India achie the peaceful means other course will o rouse the bitterest man passions."

'The Nation'

The Comparison.

"Do you know like the rows my "How is that?" "Words over n

"THROUGH MY GLASSES."

What The Running Tells.

(BY "PILOT".)

ve meetings have gone by w that the big fixtures are nt the racing is going to really thrilling business. y's racing was exciting at nd it was appropriate that affair should provide the finish. WRIGLEY'S GUM a notable performance and moment is the biggest inner having credited his with Rs. 25,000. ACUMEN, intains an unbroken se- of success this season, has Rs. 22,500 and strangely both these horses are by the ex-Newmarket E. S. Godfrey.

—:o:—

HAEL was thought to have d chance in the Newbury last week, but a late finishing only brought him into fourth a length or so behind the The chestnut son of Pe- s did not gallop as freely e seen him do in the past, nust come on as a result outing.

—:o:—

failed to justify the ds taken about him in for the Yarmouth Plate, excuse can be found for was slowly away and ays fighting for a clean field which was larger usual for a race of this n. His fourth under the nces was very creditable he will make amends in future, I have no doubt.

VILLE has also found a place on my list after a fighting display in a fast run race. This long striding chestnut may pay for a following.

—:o:—

Faithful followers of THE GIRL FRIEND were at last rewarded when she romped home on her own in the Matheran Plate, Division II. After her dismal failure the week previous it was a startling improvement in form, but the stable had hopes that she would win then and went out very well backed. It is possible that it was one of her off days.

—:o:—

LADY LUCK is a long time striking form, but this filly does seem to be definitely on the upgrade. She finished stoutly over the six furlongs of the Lansdown Plate and has earned a favourable mark in my note-book as a result.

—:o:—

The Kolhapur stable shelters an useful sort in RAJKUMAR who was making his first appearance on this side in the Lansdown Plate. I thought he ran creditably and shall look for an improved display from him next time out.

—:o:—

DAOUD BEG must be one of the most unfortunate horses racing. He always appears to be finishing on, but never quite gets there. A drop in the weights may see him to greater advantage and he is one to bear in mind.

Horses to note:—JAYANTI, MOLLY KING, SHAHZAMAN, CORBYN, SABIQ.

OONA DAY BY DAY.

DEPENDENCE DAY CELEBRATION.

ur own Correspondent.)

POONA, Jan. 27.

dawned on Poona with rightness and warmth. e Independence Day. At ere was the flag-hoisting to take place in the Shi- dir. Though it was ear- g, people had gathered y at the appointed hour. our to the National Flag. ndependence Day, the specially brought up and r streamed into the air mighty on the holy f the Shivaji Mandir. was sung in honour o ard and Messrs. L. B. and G. N. Kanitkar t speeches. The crowd elated with patriotism. re was the flag-hoisting ce of the Youth League. umber of students had for the ceremony an ling enthusiasm which racteristic of youth. th unfurled and it seemed and fro in proud glee

PROCESSION.

cession was timed to the Shanwar Wada at t people arrived on the at 4-30. At the fixed rocession began in files h the national flag be- in the van. It was at -furlong in length and s had gathered on both streets to see the pro- pay respects to the women also had anks of the procession- e midst of resounding pendence ki Jai, Pan- lal ki Jai, Pandit Mo- i, Mahatma Gandhiji Tilak Maharaj ki Jai, Jai, Up Up National on the procession hed through the k. Flowers were flag and the lead- had kept small rent centres. But untoward incident. nd march ended in dir where under of the National Flag ering sat down to claration of the re- endence. In the dience was compu- than five thousand. ng sung by Messrs. Ka- H. V. Tulpule who is responsible officer of ongress Committee, pro- name of Mr. N. V. Gad- hair. The president oe- ak in Hindi. Cries of inst the use of Hindi t the provincial verna- harashtra were raised. oke in Marathi calling . N. Kanitkar to read s Working Committee's Mr. Kanitkar read it It was solemnly ac- e tremendous meeting gle dissentient voice nting of the National eting dispersed gra- mind big with the pendence that per- ole atmosphere. doubt that the whole with a kind of new nly young men, but e stuck up the flag- hests and brought the procession of the most splen- ous ever witnessed course, the Libe- rals did not take part in it. But among Nationalists there was no difference of opinion and both wings of the Congress gladly joined in the procession. Among those who graced the procession must be mentioned Messrs. H. V. Tulpule, N. V. Gadgil, S. D. Deo G. V. Ketkar, D. V. Divekar, V. K. Bhave, Javadekar, R. G. Bhide, Dr. B. C. Lagu; Mr. D. V. Gokhale, though down with fever, and hence unable to march in the procession, managed to attend the meeting and show his approbation with the goal of Independence. And so the day ended with unusual earnestness about Independence as it had begun with uncommon joy.

A public meeting will be held on Wednesday at 6 p.m. in the Shivaji Mandir under the presidentship of Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar. Speeches will be delivered by Messrs. D. V. Gokhale, D. V. Divekar, N. V. Gadgil, G. V. Ketkar and others on the Viceroy's address to the Legislative Assembly, congratulations to the Hon. Mr. Patel and to Babu S. C. Bose and his co-prisoners.

Professor S. N. Champbekar of the Deccan College will deliver a course of three lectures on Marathi literature on Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday at 5-15 p.m. in the hall of the N. M. Vidyalaya.

KHADI EXEMPTED FROM OCTROI DUTY.

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Govt Approve Municipality Action.

HYDERABAD (SINDH), Jan. 28.

The Government of Bombay have approved of the resolution of the Hilderabad Municipality exempting Khadi from Octroi duty.

The Hyderabad Municipality hoisted the National Flag on Sunday last.—Free Press.

BRITISH FLEET & LEAGUE WORK.

—:o:—

Commons Approve Of Ratification Of Optional Clause.

LONDON, Jan. 28.

The Commons, after rejecting, by 278 votes to 193 the Conservative amendment in favour of the reservation that the British Fleet in execution of any work for the League of Nations should be subject only to British Maritime Law, agreed to the Government resolution approving of the ratification of the Optional Clause.—Reuter.

WORKERS CONDEMN PRESS PROPAGANDA AGAINST THEM.

—:o:—

A mass meeting was held under the auspices of the Girni Kamgar Union on Tuesday evening when the workers registered their protest and condemnation against the malicious propaganda carried against their movement in certain section of the Press. Mr. Kandalkar presided on the occasion. Messrs. Deshpande, Bukharey and Patil and Nerker explained how Independence to workers meant end to all sorts of exploitation.

CHARM OF "ROSE MARIE"

—:o:—

Excellent Music And Dances.

"Rose Marine" which will be staged by the Banvard Company for the last time on Wednesday (to-day) afternoon and again the same night is undoubtedly one of the world's most popular and brilliant musical play. Produced on a gorgeous scale, its outstanding success is due, apart from the absorbing interest of theme, to a unique combination of excellent music and exquisite dancing, both of which abound in the play.

"Rose Marie" was first produced in London three years ago at the Drury Lane Theatre where it had a successful run of over 200 nights. It was adapted from an American grand opera "Queen of the Golden West" which as such proved unsuccessful, and dropped out of the run. The play as staged by the Banvards out here is an exact replica of the original Drury Lane production in all particulars the gorgeous and elaborate scenery, music etc., despite the difficulty of a smaller company. Another difficulty was the smaller orchestra of 15 or 20 available in India, but this has been successfully overcome by the musical director Mr. H Judge Robinson who has skillfully adapted the music to suit the limitations of the Indian bands. Mr. Robinson's special orchestration preserves all the haunting charm of the original music of Durry Lane. Mr. Alec Kellaway and Miss Vivienne Towerzy who have arranged the dances have been equally successful, though they have to deal with a much smaller chorus.

THE MUSIC.

The music of "Rose Marie" is certainly of an operatic quality, and in its more lofty passages reminds one Preccini, the famous composer of the ever popular opera "Madame Butterfly." The musical prelude before the curtain rises is suggestive of the wild rockies and snows of Canada, and it is carried on into the swift and gay strains of "Vive La Canadienne" sung by the chorus in the opening scene of Lady James' Hotel. The two favourite songhits "Rose Marie I love you" and the "Indian love call" are conceived in a romantic spirit suited to appeal to popular imagination The song of "The Mountains" sung by the soldiers in the first act is one of the best marching tunes ever heard, bringing out all the local colour and atmosphere of the wild rockies of Canada.

EXCELLENT FOOTWORK.

The "totem dance" led by Miss Vivienne Towerzy as Wanda and performed by the chorus in fantastic costumes is marked by all the vivacity and mad gaiety associated with a wild people's festival, and this effect is heightened by the joyous notes of the music. This dance has no European counterpart, but it is an exotic dance connected with th Red Indians' festival, it being their custom to carouse and dance themselves into stupor through sheer exhaustion. One of the most breezy and enjoyable songs in the play is the "Shring-time song, "this is the time of the year", a duet sung by "Hard-boiled" Herman and Lady Jane.

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100'S MYSTERY FLIGHT.

—:o:—

Sighted Near Yarmouth.

LONDON, Jan. 28.

The airship R-100 with 56 on board was sighted near Yarmouth early this morning 22-1/2 hours' mystery flight. She intends to complete 48 hours which are sufficient to cover 3,000 miles. This is the last of the trials needed to prove her air-worthiness.—Reuter.

48 Hours' Cruise Of R. 100?

LONDON, Jan. 27.

Rugby.—The Airship R-100 left its mooring tower at Cardington Bedfordshire, this morning, and is flying to Oxford and Plymouth. It is thought possible that her Commander, Major Scott, may decit to make a protracted cruise, possibly of 48 hours' duration.—B. O. W.

—:o:—

LECTURE ON MARATHI LITERATURE.

Under the joint auspices of the Vile Parle Sporting Literary Association and the Parle Sahitya Sabha Mrs. Kamlabai Kibe and Mr. N. G. Chapekar delivered addresses on Sunday evening in Tilak Mandir on "The Renaissance of Marathi Literature." A large number of ladies attended the lecture.

Mrs. Kibe pointed to the growth of Hindi and Bengali literature in comparison to which Marathi literature had made no advance. Speaking for her own sex she bitterly complained of the way in which the present-day writers represented Hindu women. The ideal of a perfect Hindu lady which these writers sought to place before them was both inconsistent with their past traditions and foreign to their culture.

Mr. Chapekar pleaded for cultivating the habit of study and deep thinking. Good literature was the product of deep and mature thinking. If only Maharastrians wrote after due study and thought Marathi literature would soon be counted amongst the best literature.

Prof. Altekar who presided summed up the proceedings with a vote of thanks to the lecturers.

CONGRESS PROGRAMME.

THE FIRST STEP.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari writes:

Now that I am on the boycott programme councilwallahs are out to demolish me. Ah, says one, I remember you wanted Congressmen to take office. Yes, I did; but only if Congressmen are foolish enough to enter councils, I want them really to do neither. Did I not say just the same thing at the Gaya Congress?

Asks another, you voted against Independence at Vedaraniam. How dare you support the Lahore resolution now and be so enthusiastic about it? This argument must extinguish the whole of our gang from Gandhiji down to poor me.

Oh, says another stalwart. You took a prominent part in getting Dr. Subbarayan made Chief Minister in 1926. I did not. My sin was to be an old friend of his when others made him Minister.

Then another picks up an appeal of mine and says, oh, you emphasise the Council boycott too much. You do not spread the pen even about other points of the Lahore Congress resoluaion, I can but do one thing at a time and try to find out what is immediately necessary.

The fact is that if one advocates a policy that interferes with ambitions and careers one must be prepared for counter-blasts of this kind. Very little ingenuity can distort facts and half-truths are ever available for being pressed into service in political controversy.

My own consistency or inconsistency is totally irrelevant. After the Congress has given the challenge to the Government are you going to dethrone the Congress? Is this wise or proper considering that you still depnd on the name and prestige of the Congress for your elections and are fighting so hard to tackle that name to your election appeal in some way or other?

Can you not extricate yourself from this Council Maya? Do you go into the legislatures for getting minor benefits other than Swaraj? You dare not do so at this critical moment. Do you go in the hope that you will help Swaraj from inside the Councils? You dare not say this after six years experience of the Swaraj Party and the confessions of the leader of your party. The Council boycott is not a minor issue—Independence without a programme is a mockery and no nonviolent programme for Independence is conceivable without spurning the Councils and its advantages. If we keep reopening every serious resolution settled in Congress is it not time to abolish the Congress?

INDEPENDENCE DAY IN BELGAUM.

—:o:—

(From Our Correspondent.)

Jan. 27.

Belgaum celebrated the Independence day yesterday with real enthusiasm. The youth of the town were made to understand the significance of the day and their place in the coming national struggle in a meeting held on Thursday last. It was but natural therefore that youths should have been prominent in yesterday's function. The procession with the National Flag started at 4 p.m. People had decorated their houses with small national flags or as the procession passed singing the national song, women and old folk greeted it. The procession reached the meeting place—the market at 6 p.m. Mr. Narayanrao Joshi vice-President of the District Congress Committee, who was in chair, read the Working Committee's draft manifesto in Kanarese, and Mr. Gangadharrao read it in Marathi The president put the same to vote and it was passed unanimously. All saluted the National Flag in silence and the meeting dispersed.

At Amraoti.

—:o:—

AMRAOTI, Jan. 27.

Independence day was celebrated yesterday by the Amraoti District Congress Committee. In the morning National Flag was hoisted in the Jog Square while in the noon under the auspices of the Students' Union a meeting was held in the Theosophical Lodge, a large number of male and female students attending, and strong speeches were made by the student speakers including a lady student under the Chairmanship of Mr. Waman Gopal Joshi, an ardent follower of Mahatma Gandhi.

In the evening a procession was started from the Jog Square, headed by the scouts of the Hanuman Kahar, a large crowd accompanying it. In the city Khadar flags and buntings adorned several buildings. The procession after parading the main streets of the City came back to Jog Square, where a meeting was held and the Congress Working Committee resolution was read in Hindi, Gujrathi, Urdu and Marathi. No speeches were made, but national poems were recited, which brought the programme for the day to an end. —Free Press.

Amraoti Congratulates Mr. Khadilkar,

—:o:—

AMRAOTI, Jan. 26.

Last night a public meeting was held in the Jog Square with Mr. Joshi in the chair to congratulate Mr. K. P. Khadilkar, Editor of the "Nawa Kal" for his release as well as to condemn the action of the Bengal Government in sentencing Mr. Subash Chandra Bose and eleven others to one year's rigorous imprisonment. The Chairman in his address dealt at length on the present political situation in India and advised the youths to face the critical moment by their self-sacrifice for their country.—Free Press.

At Chapra.

—:o:—

CHAPRA, Jan. 27.

The Independence day was celebrated here with due solemnity. The national flag was hoisted amidst great enthusiasm punctually at eight in the morning by Dr. Syed Mahmud. The procession with the national flag had to be abandoned since the police insisted on previous licence. The Independence statement was read by Pandit Tewari in the meeting:—Free Press.

At Rangoon.

—:o:—

RANGOON, Jan. 27.

The National Independence day was celebrated in Rangoon with great enthusiasm. The National flag was unfurled at the Gujarati school, Rangoon, before a large gathering of Indians and Burmans. The programme consisted of singing of national songs, and speeches, and the passing the Congress Committee's resolution. Many thousands of people had assembled in the streets to witness the celebration.—Free Press.

INDEPENDENCE DAY AT KALYAN.

—:o:—

A public meeting of the citizens of Kalyan was held on Sunday to celebrate the Independence Day, Dr. Phadake presiding. Mr. Damle, the Vice-President of Thana Municipality had specialy come down for the occasion. He explained why Complete Independence and not Dominion Status should be the immediate goal of India. He put the resolution of the Congress before the meeting which passed it unanimously. Then, after the Indian National Flag was hoisted the meeting terminated amidst the shouts of 'Vande Mataram'.

TAMILIANS OF BOMBAY CELEBRATE INDEPENDENCE DAY.

—:o:—

The Nadar Youth League, Dharavi, arranged a public meeting on Sunday night to celebrate the Independence Day. Dharavi contains a large number of the so-called low classes from the Tamil districts of Madras Presidency and the Youth League was recently formed by some of the young men among them. Mr. Sankaralingam Nadar presided over the occasion and addressed a few words on the greatness of Mahatma Gandhi and appealed to the young men to follow his leadership.

Mr. R. Krishna Ayyar traced the history of the Congress from 1885 to the present day and showed how the Congress after the entry of Mahatma Gandhi has become the real people's Congress as different from the so-called educated people's, how the three-fold constructive programme of Khaddar, Untouchability and Anti-Drink was mainly for the uplift of the lower classes so as to equip them to take their true place in the national fight. Mr. Pasupati Ayyar made a spirited appeal for a revolution in life from the existing one which is cramped by so many evils such as oppression, suppression, class distinctions, etc. The Working Committee's resolution was read in Tamil and the whole gathering passed it by show of hands

GOVERNOR'S SIND FLOOD RELIEF FUND.

—:o:—

MEETING NEXT TUESDAY.

A meeting of the General Committee will be held on Tuesday next (4th proximo) at 5 p.m. in the Committee Room, Secretariat, (first floor), to transact the following business:—(i) to consider and adopt the Report together with the statement of accounts duly audited; (ii) to consider the date of closing of H. E. the Governor's Sind Flood Relief Fund; (iii) to transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.

His Excellency the Governor will preside at the meeting.

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MISLEADING ANTI-NADIR PROPAGANDA.

—:o:—

"It May Mean Another Revolution In Afghanistan."

PESHAWAR, Jan. 28.

M. Hakim, the well-known French Oriental scholar has arrived from Kabul with his wife and his assistant M. Carl. Interviewed, he stated that he was deputed by the French Government for Archaelogical researches in Afghanistan. He entered the country during Bacha Saqao's reign, via Mashed (Persia) soon after Amanullah's departure from Khandahar, and was well received by Abdul Rahim Khan, the Governor of Herat and also by Purdil Khan, Governor of Khandahar. In the course of his journey he was not interfered with either by Bacha's Government or the Afghan people, except for a short detention at Khandahar for want of permit from the Central Government at Kabul. On receipt of the permit, however, he was escorted to Kabul in an armoured car. He reached the capital on July 19, full five years after his first visit in connection with the Buti Bamian (Budha Bahmin) excavations. On his arrival there he found the country in thoroughly changed circumstances and under conditions which did not permit of an early resumption of reseach work.

"MISLEADING PROPAGANDA.

Enquired about the present situation, M. Hakim referred to Afghanistan as a sick country which needed a competent physician like Nadir Khan to cure her of her ills. Asked about Nadir Khan's ability to cope with the present situation in Afghanistan, the scholar replied: "I know Nadir Khan very well. His Majesty has a great experience and full knowledge of his country's conditions and her needs. Afghanistan is bound to enter upon a new era of prosperity under his wise guidance, assisted by Ministers like Hashim Khan. His Majesty is trying his level best to put the country on a sound economic basis. It passes my comprehension why people outside Afghanistan who do not possess precise knowledge of the situation should indulge in misleading propaganda against the present regime. Afghanistan wants nothing but peace at present and people who carry on anti-Nadir Khan propaganda are doing more harm than good to Afghanistan because any attempt to frustrate the efforts of Nadir Khan will mean another revolution which will plunge the country into endless civil wars, thus jeopardising her independence.

M. Hakim added that when he saw Nadir Khan just prior to his departure, the latter referred him to a French book lying on his table and pointed out to certain excerpts which violently denounced his action in usurping the Throne contrary to his solemn promise to restore Amanullah Khan to the throne. King Nadir added: "What misleading and malicious propaganda has been started against me! I never made any such promise to Amanullah or anyone else. Rather, the whole world knew I was not on good terms with him."—A. P.

HELEN KELLER AND BAHAISM.

—:o:—

Conversion Denied.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Miss Helen Keller, the famous blind and deaf author, who, according to accounts that appeared recently in the Press, had "embraced the Persian religion of Bahaism", has, in a letter addressed, on December 8, to the Rev. Paul Sperry, of Washington, D.C., U.S.A., and published in the "New-Church Herald" of January 11, received by the last mail, emphatically denied the report and explained how it came to be made.

The report arose, it appears, from a speech on peace made by Miss Keller before the New York History Society, on December 1, which, as originally prepared at short notice and under pressure of work), left room for misinterpretation, and which was released by the "New York World" the day before—'before' it was corrected ('after' Miss Keller heard of the report!) and actually delivered!!

"It is most important to me", says Miss Keller, "that I should not be misinterpreted in my religion. As you know, since I was fifteen years old, I have been a strong believer in the doctrines of Emanuel Swedenborg. Why should I change my faith, since it opens my spiritual eyes to all that is beautiful and noble in the thoughts and beliefs of men, and makes my dark, silent world sweet and livable? This incident has taught me a lesson, and I shall be eternally careful in the future."—Yours, etc.,

A. E. PENN,
Sec. and Agent,
The Swedenborg Society of India.
Byculla, Bombay,
Jan. 27.

ECONOMIC BLOCKADE OF BRITAIN TELLS

Lancashire Textile Industry On Bad Days

SUCCESS OF BOYCOTT OF FOREIGN CLOTH PROPAGANDA.

The Foreign Cloth Boycott Committee has issued the following. Congress Committees and those interested in th boycott of foreign cloth will read with interest the following remarks made by a British Correspondent on the last day of the last year relating to the conditions of Lancashire Cotton Industries:—

Traders will not be sorry to see the last of 1929, for it has been one of the most depressing periods on record. The trade stegmation has left in its trail bankrupt firms, old established concerns gone out of business, and balance sheet which are anything but healthy.

The spinning section remains in a deplorable position. The production of American yarns is in excess of demand and prices are weak. Egyptian spinners are in hurdle a better position.

From a financial point of view the past year has been a period of anxiety. According to my records 123 cotton companies have gone into liquidation, but of this number 51 have been formal for the purpose of reconstruction or amalgamation. The number included 40 spinners, 38 manufacturers, 8 spinners and manufacturers, 4 finishers and 33 merchants and agents. There have been 54 bankruptcies and deeds of arrangements and the unsecured liabilities have totalled to 1,164921 and not 2261,529. The bankruptcies, etc., comprise 1 spinner, 9 manufacturers, 3 finishers and 41 merchants. Receivers have been appointed in 34 cases, consisting of 10 spinners, 11 manufacturers, 4 spinners and manufacturers, 1 finisher, and 8 merchants. Ninety eight companies have arranged mortgages, debentures and general charges, etc., amounting to £6,800,000. Forty one cotton companies comprising 39 spinners, 1 manufacturer, and 1 spinner manufacturer have made calls on the shareholders for unpaid share capital, the total amount being 21,492,707. During the year 187 cotton companies have been registered with a nominal capital of £5,869,290, these firms consisting of 13 spinners, 26 manufacturers 7 spinners and manufacturers, 1 finishers and 127 merchants.

MR. JAYAKAR'S RESOLUTION CARRIED.

—:o:—

(Continued from page 1.)

mal. In 1925 the reorganisation of service was worked out and the ratio was fixed as two Europeans to one Indian. The actual number recruited from 1925 up-to-date was 86 Europeans and 47 Indians. Thus under the system of selection there had been a considerable advance. The Army Secretary admitted that the maintenance of proportion of two Europeans to one Indian by making Indian recruitment dependent on the number of European recruitment which in some years had been flagging was invidious to Indians. He said the Government of India had represented the matter to the Secretary of State who had now agreed that Indians in future should be recruited to Indian vacancies in the recognised proportion of one India to two Europeans, irrespective of the rate at which European candidates were forthcoming for European vacancies.

Proceeding the Army Secretary emphasised that the ratio fixed was necessary in view of the fact that the Indian Medical Service was primarily a military service. He made it clear that this proportion was not final, and could be changed when it was found that modification was "prima facie" desirable; but the resolution in so far as it involved an immediate radical change in the organisation of the service was premature. Moreover there were practical difficulties, and they should not penalise their best source of recruitment. The competition would also prove unfair to a large number of temporary officers. In no British University had it been found possible to introduce a competitive examination. The Board in India had been quite able to discriminate between good and bad material. There was no question of jobbery, as Mr. Jayakar had hinted. Nor was there any preference for British medical qualification. In fact last year one candidate was chosen who had no British qualification. Government was prepared to examine the whole matter in the light of to-day's debate, but it could not accept a resolution which was premature and impracticable.

Col. Gidney said that he would support Mr. Jayakar (Nationalist applause) but wanted to know whether Mr. Jayakar's resolution proposed an exclusive examination in India or simultaneous examination in India and England, for the speaker would support him if the latter was the case.

Mr. Jayakar: My resolution speaks of exclusive examination in India: but I will agree to make it simultaneous if the member assures me that the Government will accept the amended resolution.

Col. Gidney: I am not in the confidence of the Government: but if Mr. Jayakar accepts that amendment the European group will back him.

Mr. Jayakar: I will if the European group accepts the amended resolution.

Sir Darcy Lindsay: Though the group has not been fully consulted I believe they will support it. (Applause).

MEDICAL SWARAJ FOR INDIA.

Col. Gidney admitted the force of the argument that the I.M.S. was primarily an army service and needed for medical needs Europeans in the service but that was no argument against recruitment through a competitive examination. He opined from his personal experience that the quality of British officers of he I.M.S. was not the same as before. (Hear, hear.) The speaker had always favoured a Medical Swaraj for India and would urge that examinations be held entirely in India but at the present stage owing to inadequate medical training in certain Indian universities he preferred to go slow and, therefore, recommend that competitive examination be held in India and England simultaneously.

Sir Darcy Lindsay accordingly moved an amendment to this effect.

ANXIETY OF GOVT. OF INDIA.

Sir Frank Noyce assured the House that the Government of India were anxious that India should attain Dominion Status in this respect, and desired to institute a Statutory Medical Council for India whose relationship to the General Medical Council of England would be the same as that of similar councils in Australia and other Dominions. He promised to place before the House shortly proposals on the subject.

Dr. Moonje said that British recruitment had been affected by retired men carrying on tales about India which made recruits demand better conditions. He saw no reason why temporary I.M.S. had been kept so long without confirmation.

Pandit Kunzru held that the resolution or amendment could benefit India only if the restriction imposed by the Secretary of State of 33 per cent. Indian recruitment was removed. Moreover was it not true that Europeans in private life secured the services of Indian doctors and vakils irrespective of racial consideration, and merely on the strength of technical knowledge.

Mr. Mackworth Young, replying to the debate, said that the question of alteration of the ratio might be considered in the light of altered circumstances of the future; but Government must hold the resolution premature at the present moment. There were practical difficulties in holding the examination simultaneously in India and England. Government could not, therefore, accept the resolution or the amendment.

AMENDED RESOLUTION CARRIED.

But when the amended resolution was put to the vote it was carried without a division amidst non-official parties applause.

The amended resolution urges the Government "to revive the competitive examination for the recruitment to I.M.S. which has been held in abeyance for fourteen years, and to hold it annually simultaneously in India and England and make it obligatory for the entrants to the examination in India to hold medical qualification registerable in India."

Four other resolutions on the agenda in the name of Messrs. Ghuznavi, Ganganand Sinha, Lahiri Chaudhury and Acharya were not moved and the Assembly adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

INDIAN FREEDOM & ANGLO INDIAN PAPERS.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The brilliant success of the observance of "Independence Day" in Bombay and suburbs should row be followed up by solid work which should help the nation in its onward march in the fight for freedom. An important item of work is to utilised roused spirit in starting a campaign against Anglo-Indian papers flourishing in our country on the weakness of our educated people they should be stopped from spending after these, thereby fortifying the hands of Nationalist Papers. Will the Youth Reaguers take up this question?—Yours, etc.

NATIONALIST.
Bombay, Jan. 28.

"NEVER MEANT TO INSULT NATIONAL FLAG.

—:o:—

(Continued from page 1.)

They followed our advice and none of them came to the platform.

"RED FLAG SNATCHED AND TORN."

Comrade Suhasini and we two succeeded in reaching the platform, after all of us had received several blows with fists and lathis from the Khadder-clad "Army" that was keeping 'order' there. Before we reached the platform, however, some persons on the platform had caught hold of the Red Flag and pulled it down and torn it to pieces. As soon as we reached the rostrum and planted our Flag there the volunteers announced that the meeting was dissolved and they asked the audience to retire. The ladies were removed immediately but the rest of the audience refused to leave. We asked them to sit down and they did so, and listened patiently to our speeches. There was not the slightest demonstration of hostility on the part of the huge audience while we were on the platform. There was loud applause when we declared that the Red Flag was the real People's Flag and that Independence was meaningless unless it signified the end of all exploitation of the workers and peasants who formed 98 per cent of the population of this country.

"WHO DISTURBED THE PROCEEDINGS."

The huge mass of audience was very quiet but the volunteers on the platform who were exasperated to find that their call to the audience to retire had not been responded to, continued to disturb the proceedings. Mr. Abid Ali the Secretary B. P. C. C., then came forward and apologised to the meeting for the insult offered by irresponsible persons to the Red Flag.

Just then one person who is not known to us at all and who was not one of the workers who accompanied us began to climb up the post from which the Congress Flag was flying, and as we were later informed he tried to cut the string and pull down the flag.

NEVER MEANT TO INSULT THE CONGRESS FLAG.

The workers had never any intention to insult the Congress Flag in any manner whatsoever. The workers could not accept the Congress Flag as their own, nor did they ever make any secret of their view that the Congress Flag symbolising the present policy and programme of the Congress could never be the real Flag of Independence. But they have always realized that it has been accepted by a large section of the petty bourgoise as the Flag of Independence, and they also realize the necessity of allying with this section in the struggle against British Imperialism. Under these circumstances, there could not have been any idea in their minds, about tearing down the Congress Flag.

B. P. C. C. SECRETARY STANDS BY US.

They know that even the Congress will soon realize the true implications of the anti-Imperialist struggle. But hauling down the Congress Flag was certainly not considered to be a necessary part of the first Independence Day celebrations. Knowing all this, one of the workers followed the man who was climbing the Congress Flag post and cried to pull him down. But the intention of the workers was misunderstood by the audience and even by us. We immediately asked the workers to get down and they followed our advice. Mr. M. H. Vakil, the Secretary of the B. P. C. C. who was present there will confirm the truth of these statements.

After this there was pandemonium for some time, the rostrum was pulled down, and Comrade Suhasini and one of us (Kandalkar) were bodily removed from the platform after a hand-to-hand fight in which a hundred "soldiers" of the non-violent Khaddar-clad army had displayed their "bravery against half-a-dozen workers" (including ourselves). The other one of us (Deshpande) succeeding in reaching the Flag post again after a vain effort on the part of the Volunteers to snatch the Red Flag from him, and he planted it on the post once more.

FALSE REPORT.

It is obvious from this, that the Red Flaggers had never any intention to substitute their flag for the Congress Flag. The report of the "Indian Daily Mail" that the workers had come prepared for the fray armed with soda water bottles, stones, sticks, and other missiles and supplementing these with shoes and slippers they made a dead set at the Congressmen is one of the most shameless lies that that could be ever be broadcast by servile journalism. It ought to be plain that inspite of the greatest provocation the Red Flaggers did their best to co-operate with the Congress in making the Independence celebrations a success. If the Red Flag procession had been quietly admitted to the meeting and the Red Flag allowed to be planted along-side the Congress Flag, if the appearance of the Red Flag on the platform had not been taken as a signal by the congress volunteers to disperse the meeting, if deliberate attempts had not been made to create a misunderstanding about the intentions of Red Flaggers' there would have been no untoward incident at Chowpatty on Sunday. We have never hesitated to state in the clearest possible terms the working class point of view about the independence movement and how it differs from the Congress view But we disown all responsibility for any acts on the part of agent provocateurs. We hope that the Congress rank and file will appreciate our stand and refuse to allow the enemies of the Indepedence movement to isolate the working class, which is the vanguard and the most steadfast fighter in the anti—imperialist struggle from its allies in this struggle by the false propaganda of which we have seen enough in the last two days.

—:o:—

Calcutta Share Market.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

In the share market to-day Jute shares opened steady but business was on a limited scale owing to absence of speculative interest. In coals fairly long list of transactions appeared and prices were well maintained.

In teas undertone remained fairly steady with less business passing. Miscellaneous section revealed no material change. Government securities were quiet. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: 3-1/2 per cent. Government Paper 64/14; 4 per cent. Loan 1960/70 77/1; 4-1/2 per cent. Loan 1934 95/2; 4-1/2 per cent. Loan 1955/60 85/14; 5 per cent. Loan 1945/55 100/2.

Banks: Central Bank of India 16/2; Imperial Bank of India fully paid 1296/8; Imperial Bank of India conty. 322.

Railways: Arrah Sasaram Light Railway 66; Howrah Amta Light Railway 130; Sara Serajganj Railway 77/2.

Cottons: Bowreah "B" pref. 66; Cawnpore Textiles 2/4; Aldin 9.

Coals: Amalgamated Coal fields 18/8; Bansra 8/10; Bansdeopore 24/6; Bengal 548; Bengal Nagpore ord. 76/4; Bengal Giridih 11/4; Bhalgora 9/12; Bolompore 3/2; Bokaro and Ramgur 19/4; Burra Dhemo 14/12; Burrakur 19/4; Central Dharmaband 2/14; Damagurria 7/5; Equitable 34/6; Jainty Central 2/14; Kalapahari 27/22; Lakurka 8/6; Marine "A." 9; Marine "B." 9/11; Mundalpore 11/4; New Tetturya 2/12; Pench Valley 56/4; Raneegunge 37/2; Sendra 21; Searsole 4/3; South Karanpura 3/6; Sudamdih 2/2; Union 23/15.

Jutes: Alexandra 310; Anglo-India 387; Auckland 273/8; Bally 267/8; Barnagore 226/8; Belevedere 515; Budge Budge pref. 112/8; Saledonian 605; Clive 36/4; Fort Gloster 750; Gourepore pref. 105; Howrah 69/8; Kamarhatty 574; Kankarrah 466/8; Kanknarr 103; Lawrence 603/8; Na National 26/4; Nudde 47 265; Presidency 103.

Miscellaneous: Burma tion 10/5; Bareilly Ele Bengal Telephone ord. Iron and Steel 10; Bar 11; British India Corpo 2/6; Madan Theatres ghur Paper 11/14; Zemindary 129; Sama gar 4/4.—A. P.

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What the People Say

"HOW AMERICA HAS RECEIVED UNCLE SHAM."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is indeed gratifying to note that Mr. Kanaya Lal Gauba's attempt to present Miss Mayo with a parody of "Mother India", has been so much successful.

Sometime back, one of your contemporaries had published the information that "Uncle Sham" was banned in America, whereas already three editions have been sold out to the Americans alone and though the book has been priced at Dol. 3 and that too without illustrations.

It has also received several just and impartial reviews at the hands of the critics and the following abstracts from a review by well-known critic Mr. J. S. Duane in the "New York American" speak in itself, how America has received "Uncle Sham". Mr. Duane says, "If Mr. Gauba has set out to show what the United States would look like if he employed Miss Mayo's methods of investigation, he has succeeded brilliantly whereas on the other hand, his quotations from the "Current History", "Modern Democracies" and "The Revolt of Modern Youth" furnish material which is irrefutable. In fact Mr. Guaba has overlooked a few interesting items which might have furnished fuel for his vitriolic assault."

He further writes: "There is a chapter on political corruption, national and municipal". Unfortunately the United States offers an abundance of material for a diatribe on the failure of democratic government. There is another chapter on the Ku Klux Klan, the revival of which, in the twentieth century, is a disgrace to our vaunted civilization A chapter is devoted to the Negro in the United States, and the cruelty and prejudice exposed. The section entitled "The Virgin" is a bit hysterical, coming to the conclusion that "the average English girl enters life at eighteen....., the average American girl of the same age is, according to all authorities the wanton's successful rival."

Let Miss Mayo and her supporters digest these doses, prepared and served by her own countryman before we prescribe for her a further dose.—Yours, etc.,

J. M. C.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—During the last few weeks there have been in the columns of your paper several references to the Bombay Art Society. These references have been, if I may say so allusive rather than explicit. It appears that there are, in the aims, methods, or management of of the Society, some points of which the writers in your columns do not approve, but those interested are not put in a position to understand clearly what these points are, except that in some way the notorious feud between Captain Gladstone Solomon and Mr. Fyzee Rahamin is involved. On the other flank your Bori Bunder contemporary is attacking the Society because of its supposed failure to cooperate adequately with Captain Gladstone Solomon.

A letter from the Honorary Secretary of the Bombay Art Society which was published a few days ago in the "Times of India" invited critics of the Society to state their criticisms in definite language. May I, on behalf of the many who are interested in the subject, whether connected with the Society, or not, similarly invite reasoned and clear expressions of opinion in your columns, so that the public generally may learn in what respects the objects of the Society, or the means by which it seeks to attain them are supposed to be defective, or capable of improvement?—Yours, etc.,

ANXIOUS.

SANTA CRUZ PODDAR SCHOOL.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The Santa Cruz Anglo-Vernacular School, started mainly on the princely donation of nearly a lakh of rupees made by Sheth Anandilal Poddar, whose name it bears, has now on its rolls seven to eight hundred students of both sexes, and under the fostering care and efficient management of its painstaking Headmaster, has made commendable progress since it was started. There is no doubt that by starting the school in Santa Cruz a great educational need has been satisfied in the suburbs, which formerly had no cosmopolitan and non-religious institutions of this type. It is to be earnestly hoped that Shethias in the other suburbs of Bombay will follow the noble example of Sheth Anandilal and make liberal donations to educational institutions. Education alone will bring salvation to our country if imparted free to all irrespective of castes, creeds and touchability. There is, however, one regrettable feature of the working of the Poddar School, and that is, that its doors are closed to the children of the so-called "untouchables" of the place. Even the Mahars are not admitted. The Schools Committee, which manages the affairs of the institution, includes champions of "depressed" classes, viz., the Swarajist, Sjt. Jaisukhlal K. Mehta, and the Bhamo Samajist, Sjt. Girjashanker B. Trivedi, ex-M.L.C. With such Gandhi-ites, Khaddarites, and Nationalists to manage the school and guide its policy, it is not understood why the poor "untouchables" are not admitted. It is painful to find that the Nationalist leaders of Santa Cruz are thus encouraging anti-national activities in the affairs of the institution, which is solely run by them. It is this inhuman ban against the "untouchables" which has compelled the local Congress Committee to start separate schools for the children of the suppressed classes. The expenses of these schools are being borne by another Shethia of Santa Cruz, who is thus doing real patriotic service to his Motherland. It is to be hoped that in view of the great movement launched by responsible leaders to remove "untouchability" from the land, the School Committee will see its way in admitting the children of the "untouchables" into the Poddar School.—Yours, etc.,

AN ANTI-HUMBUG.

Santa Cruz.

MIDDLE CLASS UNEMLPOYMENT.

—:o:—

Govt. Apathy Criticised.

SALARIED EMPLOYEES URGE REMEDIAL MEASURES.

The First Session of the All-India Salaried Employees' Convention had a successful termination on the 12th instant with 33 resolutions adopted, the following being the prominent among them:—

This Convention strongly disapproves the policy underlying the action of the Government in inritiating the prosecution of the S. I. Railway Workers and their leaders, and also other Workers in the cause of labour. This Convention is of opinion that such policy of repression is aimed at crushing the working class movement in its infancy and further demands the release of those who are still undergoing imprisonment or are awaiting trials in higher Courts of law.

MINIMUM WAGE.

This Convention condemns the irrational policy involved in determining wages only on the basis of "Supply and demand" ignoring the human factor and thereby lowering the standard of living and social status of salaried employees. This Convention, therefore, demands the immediate ratification and operation of the Minimum Wage Convention adopted by the International Labour Conference in its Eleventh Session held at Geneva in the year 1928.

PROVIDENT FUND ACT AMENDMENT.

This Convention is strongly of opinion that the Provident Funds Act 1925 should forthwith be so amended as to extend its provisions to all Provident Funds constituted by Companies, Firms, trade establishments, Associations and other concerns.

PENSION AND GRATUITY.

This Convention urges on the Government to recognise the inequity that exists at present between the service conditions of Government employees and those of the employees engaged in non-Government offices, such as business concerns, Warehouses, Shops etc., and recommends that some legislative measures should forthwith be adopted for the introduction and guidance of pension, Provident Fund, Widow pension, invalid pension and gratuity, for all classes of salaried employees.

COMPENSATION

This Convention is of opinion that the Workmen's Compensation Act of India be so amended as to include within its scope all classes of salaried employees and further be brought into line with the English law on the subject.

SICKNESS INSURANCE.

This Convention condemns in unequivocal terms the reactionary propaganda carried on systematically by the capitalist employers against sickness insurance and further expresses its utter disappointment at the dilatoriness of the Government of India in ratifying and giving effect to the Convention on this subject adopted at the Tenth Session of I. L. C. held at Geneva in the year 1927.

UNEMPLOYMENT.

This Convention expresses its deep sense of horror at the seritus situation caused by unemployment specially among the middle classes, threatening the progressive order of Society and while condemning the most apathetic attitude and callous indifference of the Government and the employers to this question, suggests the following among others for the solution of the problems.

1 More indianisation of services in actual practice; 2 Higher percentage of services to be given to Indians in Army & Navy; 3 Nationalisation of the main industries; 4 Encouragement to cottage industries and protection of the same against foreign competition; 5 Organisation of Co-operative institutions on extensive scale to restrict undue exploitation of the Country by capitalism; 6 Introduction of compulsory technical and military education; 7 Legislation for insurance against unemployment; 8 Sufficient facilities to educated middle class for agricultural pursuits; 9 Provision of doles from the Indian Exchequer; 10 Indemnities for discharge.

HIGHER GRATUITY.

This Convention urges on the Govt. of India, Railway Dept. Railway Board, to allow to the non-pensionable salaried staff of the Ry. a retiring gratuity at not less than a month's pay for the number of years of service rendered as the present rule of allowing half a month's pay for every year of service is inadequate for their maintenance in old age.

HOUSING (NEW).

That this Convention is emphatically of opinion that the housing condition of Salaried employees is deplorable and calls upon the Municipal administrations in the country to prepare a housing scheme to be given effect early for the benefit of Salaried employees. The Government is requested to contribute liberally towards the funds of the Housing Scheme of the Municipalities as is done in Great Britain and other foreign countries.

PROPAGANDA.

That this Convention strongly feels that the time has come for carrying on an intensive propaganda throughout India and in foreign countries on the lines of the resolutions adopted, and the General Secretary of the Indian Federation of Salaried Employees be authorised to take up the work in hand with as little delay as possible and to forward the resolutions to the parties concerned.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

THE WELLINGTON.

Screens fans who love rich settings, a romantic love story, and thrilling deeds of daring will find them all in Rod La Rocque's latest De Mille star picture, "The Fighting Eagle," which will be screened at the Wellington Cinema to-night and the next two days. In this film flashing blades, lovely women gorgeous costumes, the field of honour, love, intrigue—all are happily blended in a picturesque romance of Imperial France in Napoleon's glorious reign.

THE CAPITOL.

Owing to a large number of films in hand, the management of the Capitol have decided to have a mid-week change of film from 28th instant. The picture to be shown is "Eternal Youth" starring William Haines. It's a story of youth and romance—with the thrills of a great football struggle, the spectacle of parades and evolutions of Uncle Sam's future officers—and a delicate romance between Haines and Joan Crawford running through it. Haines plays a "fresh" young man who comes to West Point to play football. The traditions of the corps mean nothing to him. He's conceited, selfish, wayward. The remarking of the youth from this raw material into ideal timber for officership is strikingly shown is a dramatic and entertainment sequence.

CROWN CINEMA.

Since the above cinema was started under the new management, the management have secured the first Universal's Hoot Gibson production to be shown during this current week. There's never a dull moment along "The Long Long Trail," Hoot Gibson's latest Universal thriller, which comes to the screen of the Crown Cinema, Sandhurst Road, Golpitha, just opposite to the Globe Cinema this week. Riding, fighting, romance and humour feature every minute of "The Long Long Trail." It is Hoot Gibson at his most exciting best.

THE GLOBE.

From a story familiar to millions of book lovers the world over, 'Richard, The Lion-hearted,' a stupendous, pictorial romance based on Sir Walter Scott's novel, the Talisman, will be shown for 3 days only from Wednesday, 29th to Friday 31st at the Globe Cinema, Sandhurst Road with a wealth of historical interest and lavish settings. The production inaugurates something new in the motion picture world. For students of history or literature, it is faithful representation of the life of the period in which it was laid. The great king Richard's third Crusade, by which he sought to recover the Holy Land and the Holy Sepulchre from the Saracens, was one of constant adventure and its absorbing story has been transferred to the silver sheet with remarkable success. With its spirited clashes between the Crusaders and the Saracen hordes, thrilling hand to hand combat brillaint swordsmanship, romance, intrigue—all in settings of the almost pagan splendour—"Richard, the Lion-Hearted" is truly a most impressive picture.

Programme also includes two reels rollicking comedy.

THE CAPITOL.

Lillian Gish has furnished the world many surprises, her roles have ranged from the picturesque sweetness of "Ramola" to the tragic sacrifice of "Mimi" but it has remained for "The Wind," her newest Metro-Goldwyn-Meyer vehicle, now playing at the Capitol Theatre, to bring out a new side to the actress' many-sided versatility. A woman at bay—fighting in a primitive wilderness with the savagery of a tigress to save her soul—that is the character she portrays in the mighty drama—perhaps the most remarkable in her entire career. It is a story of elemental emotions in a primitive land; a land where the cyclone, the Northern and the dreaded sandstorms continually lash and sear the souls of those within it; where primitive passions rule and only the fit survive. Into this land she is thrust, a delicately reared Southern girl—and gradually, under the lash of the elements, becomes more and more like the rest. And then—comes love. It comes on the wings of a tornado while she is facing the gravest problem a woman can face. And the dramatic climax in which, to save all that remains dear to her in life, she turns to a veritable tigress in her own defence, is one of the most remarkable pieces of acting any artist of stage or screen in history has ever attempted.

THE RIALTO.

—:o:—

The British film masterpiece "Piccadilly," which has created quite a sensation on the Continent and which had a week's successful run at the Capitol, is being now shown at the Rialto, Lamington Road, for the benefit of those who missed to see it at the Capitol last week. Directed by the celebrated E. A. Dupont, who has given the world "Moulin Rouge," "Vaudeville" and other masterpieces, the picture was adapted from the story from the pen of Mathew Arnold, the novelist. It is a glamorous tale of London's night club life, and well nigh gives you a tug at your heart.

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Cotton Improvement In Central Provinces And Berar.

"VERUM 262" TO FETCH BETTER PRICE THAN BROACH.

"But Only A Question Of Few Years."

The following is the concluding portion of the article which appeared on the 29th instant in connection with the cotton improvement in C. P. and Berar:—

Having thus indirectly created a demand for better spinning cottons, the Department was now assiduously carrying on research for improved varieties of stapled cottons and patiently watching its opportunity for putting them on to the market.

Investigations carried out from 1908 to 1912 by comparative field tests of the various components of "jarry" clearly pointed out that under conditions then in vogue, Roseum, coarse, woolly and short linted, was the most paying cotton to grow, while the finer linted types of G. n. verum, G. n. malvensis and even the long stapled Bani (Indicum) had not the ghost of a chance before it. These were all, as a rule, low yielders, low ginners and the prices offered for their finer lint qualities did not compensate for a lower yield and the Department could not therefore recommend them to the grower. The same applied to the exotic type Buri (G. hirsutum) which did not find the Berar environments suitable

ROSEUM RECOMMENDED

Under these conditions there was no alternative but to recommend Roseum to the cultivator and to carry on selection work on the better linted types such as G n. verum and G. n. malvensis for obtaining higher yielding types. Observations showed that the offspring of single plant selections though collectively averaging to the parent in yield, staple and ginning percentage, yet fluctuated from it when examined individually ,to an appreciable extent on both sides. There was thus a great scope for improvement by persistently selecting from single plant cultures, indviiduals deviating from their common parent towards the improvement side. A few years' selection work carried out in this way placed the Department in possession of types of G. n. verum, G. n. malvensis and G. indicum that were better yielders, better ginners and better spinners than their ancestors. But this was not enough. As mentioned above the problem before the Department was to produce a type that would be fit to take the field against Roseum in regard to money return per acre.

About this time close observations of other experiments carried on side by side to combat a cotton plant disease commonly known as "wilt," which had recently made its appearance in cotton fields, revealed that G. n. roseum, otherwise quite hardy, was very susceptible to it. Nearly 75 per cent. of the crop was wiped out in badly infested fields. This was confirmed by reports from cultivators who were now anxious to get some thing other than G. n. roseum to sow in their wilt-infested fields.

Attention was therefore directed to finding out the wilt resistant capacity of selections in single plant cultures mentioned above. They were grown side by side with Roseum in fields highly notorious for wilt-trouble and it was found that some of these withstood the disease quite successfully. A few intensive selections from the survivals of the most resistant of these were then made and grown on wilted land upto field scope alongside with roseum for a comparative trial At the conclusion of these trials G. n. verum selections came out most successful and were in 1926 made the basis of further selection work to meet the wilt-menace and to provide a substitute for G. n. roseum wherever economic conditions demanded.

"VERUM 262" MORE PAYING.

The ancestor of the present Verum 262 which has now proved to be a more paying type of cotton to grow in these provinces than Roseum, was first isolated in 1920, out of a number of families grown from individuals selected from survivals of the best resistant G. n verum selections growing on wilted fields. In 1921 the off-spring of this was again grown on an obstinately wilted field and further selections were made.

Cotton types have been growing as mixtures for ages and none are therefore in their natural state free from the effects of cross fertilisation. G. n. verum is especially very complex. With a view to sieving out whatever latent impurities there might be still lurking in the pedigree of this successful selection it has been subjected to the process of self-pollination since 1922.

Undesirable traits such as weakness of stem, bad opening of bolls, shedding of bolls, bearing of seeds of low vitality and giving out of unproductive and sterile plants are eliminated as they appear. Individuals of high yielding capacity, of a suitably long staple and of an early fruiting habit are kept for propagation.

Bulk seed of the lines from best single plants of the type was put on field scale and the resulting seed was grown on the Akola Farm for multiplication. Spinning tests on the lint of this cotton (in the local mills as well as in the technological laboratory, Bombay) have been carried out. They unanimously point out that it can spin 26s to 32s warps and can take the place of the "Limbas" and "Umris" from the Nizam's Dominion and even of the Punjab-Americans.

SOLUTION OF COTTON PROBLEM.

As a result of this continuous research for so many years the Department has been able to solve the cotton problem in the Central Provinces satisfactorily. It is in a position now to place on the market a type of cotton called "Verum 262" which is pretty near in yield to Roseum and is yet fit to spin considerably higher counts than the "Oomras." This has been given out to cultivators during the last two years and a 1000 bales of the last season were able to sell at Rs. 60 to Rs. 80 above "Broach" per khandi of two bales. This premium compared to that of the local "Oomras" works out to Rs. 100 to Rs. 120 above it. The profit made by the growers of Verum 262 during the last two years is on an average Rs. 15 to Rs. 20 per acre above that which their Roseum used to bring them.

Seed enough to sow 35,000 acres with this type next year has already been sold. This with some more area not covered by our records is expected to produce up to 3000 bales in 1929-30 on a most moderate estimate of the crop. It is only a question of few years now for Verum 262 to cover all the cotton area of the Central Provinces and Berar. By thus bringing about a general improvement in the "Oomras" the Department hopes to make it possible further to recover the ground in the trade that they have lost to the Limbas from Hyderabad and to the Punjab-Americans.

PRESENT DAY INDIAN STUDENT.

(Continued from page 6).

—:o:—

graduate is disillusioned. He realises that University education has done him no good and that the Government does not want him in its service. Commerce and industry are closed to him. He cannot dream of joining the army or the navy. Injustice and discontent with the system of Government are rankling within him. Is it not easy then for him to fall under the spell of agitator's speeches?

The discontent which the educated unemployed or miserably paid youths are feeling is a natural one arising as it does from the wrong, inefficient and hopelessly careless University education imparted to them coupled with the callous policy of the Government which takes little account of their existence. The student profits very little from his professor. He finds no sympathy or solace from him. What then is he to do?

UNJUST CHARGE.

It is easy for Mr. Desai to impress on the youths the dignity of manual labour. While thanking Mr. Desai for this I feel it necessary to point out to him that the present day youths do not shirk manual labour. May I draw Mr. Desai's attention to two occasions when the Bombay youths showed splendid form and courage? The one was during Bardoli the other during the recent Bombay riots. The compliments that Mahatma Gandhi and Sardar Vallabhbhai have paid to the splendid work done by the students during Bardoli do not need repetition here. The services rendered during the Bombay riots by the youths of the city—and especially by the members of the Youth League—evoked praise from every quarter. These two instances show that youths do not merely talk. They are also in the vanguard of action. That youths are beginning to take politics seriously and are prepared to pay the utmost sacrifice for the country's cause is shown by the noble example of Jatindranath Das. It is certainly not easy to go to jail and those for whom the prison life of this country has no terror are indeed made of a much "sterner stuff" than most of the milk and water policy Liberals. The youths rightly feel that the discontent which they are suffering is largely due to the present system of Government. Is it then surprising that they join movements which they really believe are going to bring freedom to the country?

IMPROVE THE ATMOSPHERE.

I, therefore, submit that the fault is not the student's. The student is the creature of circumstances over which he has no control. It's no use Mr. Desai's lecturing to them on the advantages of manual labour. The Indian student has no opening. Let Mr. Desai first remedy the atmosphere in which the student is brought up and then let him blame the student. Let him create sufficient openings for the Indian student to be absorbed in the industries and then talk of raising a sound superstructure. The Indian student feels that as long as the present system of Government continues the sons of Hind will never get the necessary technical or industrial training. Where are the technical schools where Indians may be properly trained? What are the Indian students to do if Government and the general public insist on graduates and qualified men for their services? Is it then surprising that larger and larger number of Indian students go in for University education? If Mr. Desai wants that the Indian student should not follow Mr. Nariman and shout "Simon Go Back". Let him first remedy the faulty educational system. Let him raise the standard of the examinations if he likes. Above all let Mr. Desai make efforts to have not one V. J. Technical Institute but a number that will be able to meet with our growing demand. Unless and until all this is remedied, I think it is hardly fairplay to blame the students who are merely the creatures of a vicious and merciless system of a callous bureaucracy.

Travancore Prince To Copy Mysoré.

—:o:—

BANGALORE, Jan. 27.

It is now authenticated that His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore will arrive in Bangalore in April with a view to having six months administrative training under the Mysore Government.—A. P.

NEW LORD OF APPEAL.

—:o:—

SUCCESSOR TO LORD SUMNER.

LONDON, Jan. 27.

The King's Counsel H. P. MacMillan has been appointed Lord of Appeal in succession to Lord Sumner who has resigned.—Reuter.

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"DAILY EXPRESS" FORECAST.

—:o:—

Mr. Karandikar's Confession.

AD NO INSIDE OR SECRET KNOWLEDGE.

LONDON, Jan. 27.

n Commons to-day, Attorneys-neral read confession by Mr. hnu Karandikar, carrying on siness as Indian News Service t the report which he had nished to the "Daily Express" aturday, purporting to be dings of the Simon Commis-n, was written by himself hout any facts and without information from any official rce.—

e communicated, therefore, h the Chairman of the "Daily ress", with whose assistance discovered that the informa-, on which the article was ed, was supplied by Karendi- who previously had supplied "Daily Express" with non-poli-l information, which had been nd trustworthy. Karandekar handed over certain docu-ts, which the Attorney-Gene-showed to Sir J. Simon, who ribed them as worthless.

arendikar, last night, with a ily Express staff man, who ac-ly wrote the article, saw the rney-General. Karendekar ared that he came of his own will and desired to make a plete statement of all the facts in his knowledge. He desired to make a statement in the ence of Sir J. Simon, who was ent. Karendikar explained he himself was the author of material. He had no inside ecret knowledge.

THE CONFESSION.

he Attorney-General read the ntary signed confession in Ka-ikar's handwriting running as ws:

have no actual information ny official source about the I gave the "Daily Express" rding the forcast of the Si-Commission's report The le thing was written by me out any facts and made up hat I considered, from a close y of the Indian situation, be taking place. (Laughter). was a lie when I represented to "Daily Express" that I had any ial source from anybody ei-open or secret. This was ested by me and the plea was ered up by further statements rder to sell the story at a time I was in very great need of ey, and to get the most I could the sale." Signed: Vishnu ndekar, carrying on business ndian News Service at Fleet et."

e confession was dated 28th ary and regarding this, nem-put questions. The Attor-General replied that at a late at night or early in the ing Karendikar got slightly used. The documents was ally signed in the early hours e morning. The Attorney-ral added that the good faith e "Daily Express" was not tioned. He acknowledged the r's assistance. He was con-t that after the present ex-nce we would be able to rely he wholehearted co-operation e press in connection with Commission's work so as to r resort to such powers as Attorney-General possessed y unnecessary.

e incident concluded with Sir mon's thanking the Attorney-ral on behalf of the Com-oners and staff for the way in h the matter had been handl-

TORNEY-GENERAL QUES-TIONED.

e Attorney-General's state-regarding the Simon Com-on was made at the end of ions when the entry of Sir Simon, carrying papers, d a stir. Lord Burnham was e Peer's Gallery. Mr. Cado-and Major Attlee were seated side gallery. Sir John Si-consulted Mr. Hartshorn and asked whether the Attorney-ral's attention had been cal-o the "Daily Express" article whether he would be able to steps to prevent a repetition misstatements.

Attroney-General thanked Simon for raising an import-

CONVICTION OF S. C. BOSE AND OTHERS.

—:o:—

High Court Admits Appeal.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 27.

Mr. Justice Pearson and Mr. Justice Patterson admitted to-day two sets of appeals on behalf of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and six others, and Sushil Banerjee and five others, who have been convicted by the Deputy Magistrate of Alipore, of sedition, and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment each. Conditional bail, on an undertaking to lead the ordinary life of a private citizen, was allowed to Purshotam Rai, Secretary of the Burrabazar Congress Committee, and three others. No bail was moved on behalf of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and six others, but in the case of Dr. J. M. Das Gupta, unconditional bail was wanted and a test case was made, challenging the authority of the Court to ask for an undertaking after the admission of the appeal.

It was argued that all that was wanted in considering the question of bail, was to fix the amount and that the Court had no power to ask for an undertaking and the moment it did so, it acted in excess of its jurisdiction. Mr. Justice Pearson remarked that this particular class of offence was one which was liable to repetition as opposed to ordinary offences under the Penal Code. If the Court had power to refuse bail, it had power also to allow bail on certain conditions. Orders on the question of granting bail unconditionally to Dr. Das Gupta, were reserved.—A. P.

—:o:—

INDEPENDENCE DAY IN PESHAWAR.

—:o:—

Music Before Mosque Allowed.

PESHAWAR, Jan. 27.

A noteworthy feature of processions in connection with the Independence Day celebrations here was that Sikh processionists were allowed to pass, playing music, before mosques.—A. P.

NAVAL CONFERENCE.

—:o:—

PREPARATION OF TENTATIVE AGENDA.

LONDON, Jan. 27.

The leaders of the delegations to the Naval Conference met at 10, Downing Street in the morning to prepare a tentative agenda for submission to the next plenary Conference.

The matter is most difficult since Britain and the United States regard the cruisers as o first importance, France considers that the problem turns on global versus categories tonnage, Japan puts battleships first, and Italy is chiefly pre-occupied with the question of Franco-Italian parity. —Reuter.

HACK VICTORIA HORSE SHOT DEAD.

—:o:—

SERIOUS INJURIES SUSTAINED IN STREET ACCIDENT.

As a result of a collision between a motor lorry and a victoria, the horse of the latter was seriously injured and had to be shot dead at Ballasis Road on Monday.

It appears that a motor lorry No. 753 belonging Burma Shell Company driven by one Balaji Ramji was proceeding along Ballasis Road from East to West, when near the Byculla Club a victoria No. 162 driven by Bhujia Bala came from opposite direction. As the horse was, a new one it shyed, on hearing the noise of the motor lorry and ran quite in front of the lorry with the result that the horse collided with lorry and four of his legs broken. The horse was shot down afterwards. No damage was done to the victoria.

ant matter without delay and said that if the article had been based on genuine materials, it would have meant a grave breach of the Official Secrets Act and the consequences especially in India, upon the future work of the Commission would have been disastrous.—Reuter.

ASSEMBLY BYE-ELECTION

—:o:—

SIR C. JEHANGIR PITTED AGAINST MR. MEHTA.

Election To Take Place On Feb. 18.

Tuesday was the last day for nominations of the candidates for a seat in the Legislative Assembly caused by the resignation of Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta in deference to the mandate of the Indian National Congress. Sir Cowasji Jehangir (Jr.) and Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta were the only two candidates to register their nominations. There being two candidates the election would be contested and the voting would take place on the 18th February.

KUMBH MELA.

—:o:—

Sadhus Attack Scouts And Police.

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 28.

Last evening there was a good deal of excitement at Kumbh Mela camp when Sadhus, who it is reported numbered about 5,000 mostly of the Bairagi sect, attacked the Seva Samiti camp, and in the melee which ensued about 100 persons were injured. The affray, it is said, was caused by Sadhus resenting the interference of the Seva Samiti Scouts in maintaining order at a feast to which the Sadhus had been invited. The Sadhus also attacked the police station at mela camp but dispersed as soon as the Sub-Inspector fired a revolver in the air. Order has since been restored.—A.P.

"SURREY" AND "NORTHUMBERLAND."

Construction Definitely Cancelled.

LONDON, Jan. 27.

The Admiralty announces that it has been decided that 10,000 ton cruisers "Surrey" and "Northumberland", the construction of which was suspended last july, shall be definitely cancelled.—Reuter.

CHIEF OF GENERAL STAFF

—:o:—

Hurt While Hunting.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28.

General Sir Philip Chetwode, Chief of General Staff, India, had a fall while out hunting with the Delhi hounds this morning. He sprained his ankle and cut his face.—A. P.

COMMUNAL RIOTS AT DACCA.

—:o:—

Several Persons Injured.

DACCA, Jan. 27.

In spite of strong police vigilance stray cases of assault took place throughout the whole day. A disturbance occurred this morning at Kagajitolla, where, it is reported, serious fracas took place between Hindus and Mahomedans resulting in injuries to some persons who were sent to hospital. The arrival of armed police however dispersed rioters.

Another serious disturbance occurred in the afternoon near Wari where the medical mess was attacked by some Mahomedans armed with lathis, shovels and other weapons, as a result of which there was free fight for some time. Both the parties sustained injuries and one student of the mess who received serious injuries was removed to the hospital after dusk.

A disturbance was reported from Rai-Sahib Bazar but prompt appearance of armed force brought the situation under control. The Deputy Inspector-General, the Superintendent of Police and other police officials have been visiting all affected centres, and more vigorous armed police patrolling has been arranged for the night.—A.P.

Lady Reading Seriously Ill.

—:o:—

LONDON, Jan. 27.

Lady Reading is very seriously ill.—Reuter.

RANDIVE'S APPEAL DISMISS

Mr. Talyarkhan's Plea For Li Interpretation.

VICEROY'S SPEECH QUOTED IN HIGH C

The appeal filed by Mr. B. T. Randive, editor of the "Railwayman", against the sentence of one year passed on him by the Chief Presidency Magistrate was dismissed by Justices Mirza and Broomfield at the High Court. The charge of sedition was in respect of an article entitled "Attack on the Workmen's Movement" published in the paper, in its issue of 10th July last. Their Lordships held that the article attacked the Government itself and not merely its policy, as contended by the defence.

Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan, resuming his arguments on Tuesday made his submissions regarding the correct interpretations of several expressions used in the article as translated. "Lame dogs of Imperialism", he said, referred to the capitalists, and their supporters who gave evidence before the Riots Enquiry Committee. The whole point of attack was against the capitalists, though the Government also incidentally came in for their share of the criticism. Replying to Mr. Justice Mirza counsel stated that the article was published long before the Strike Enquiry Court was constituted.

Mr. Justice Mirza: Then you were also one of those persons accused of imperialism, as you were one of the tribunal. (Laughter.)

DIDN'T FEEL HURT.

Mr. Talyarkhan replied that the members of the tribunal would not have felt hurt by such criticism. Even the Government took such criticism as a matter of course.

Counsel then admitted that the writer had attacked the Government in the sentence "during the last 2 years, strikes were broken by Government on the strength of its repression and its machine-guns".

"Did the Government, according to the writer, interfere or use force for breaking the strikes or for putting down riots?" asked Mr. Justice Mirza.

Mr. Talyarkhan replied that the sentence was qualified by the following sentence which stated that that was the thing "wherever British capitalists were concerned".

Mr. Justice Mirza: Do you attribute base motives to the Government?

Mr. Talyarkhan: It means that the Government had to use those measures because of the situation created by capitalists. This indirect accusation is the result of a grievance that is enlarging against capitalism and imperialism.

LIBERAL INTERPRETATION.

Mr. Justice Broomfield: What about the accusations directly against the Government?

Mr. Talyarkhan submitted that in such writings should be interpreted in a liberal spirit, as was laid down by Mr. Justice Fawcett in course of the trial of Philip Spratt for sedition at the Bombay High Court Sessions in which he was acquitted. Counsel also drew attention to similar observations made by the Viceroy in his address to the Legislative Assembly in connection with prosecutions for seditious writings and speeches. The Viceroy's speech had made it clear that the proper way was not to take a too technical view of "contempt" and "hatred", the words used in Section 124-A. It was a fortunate thing, continued Mr. Talyarkhan, that the times had changed, and there was a free exchange of views between the Government and the people.

Continuing, Mr. Talyarkhan said that the accused was a brilliant young man and knew what he was writing. His article was addressed to workers who were not much interested in politics and did not care as to who ruled the country, so long as they got their wages and good conditions of life. The writer had described the Congress members of the Assembly as capitalists. That showed that the writer was attacking not the Government as such, but all were associated with capitalism.

MEANING OF IMPERIALISM.

The writer had attacked imperialism as used in the economic sense, and not in a poli sense. The Magistrate had wr y confounded "imperialism" "imperialist Government". expression which did not occur in Section 124-A. Though the Magistrate had conceded that the article should be read in a fair, free and liberal spirit, he had failed to apply that principle while discussing the meaning of the article. The Magistrate had lost sight of the fact that the article was based on an economic question and had nothing to do with communal riots or strikes, which were referred to only incidentally. The accused had only urged to end the present policy of the Government which was largely influenced by capitalists.

AN ECONOMIST, NOT AGITATOR.

Mr. Talyarkhan said the accused was a brilliant student, having passed M.A. with first class in 1927. He was also a scholar of the University School of Economics and Sociology, and as such he had studied the economic condition of the people. He had written the article as a student of economics, and not as a political agitator.

JUDGMENT.

Mr. Justice Mirza, in delivering judgment, observed that reading the article as a whole, he was of opinion that it was an attack on the Government whom the accused had described as agents of capitalists. The article clearly stated that the Government of India had conspired with capitalists in crushing the labour movement. The reference to machine-guns clearly showed that it was an attack, on the Government itself. The meaning of the article was that the workers should respect the "Red Flag" and follow their leaders. The object of the article was not to attack merely the policy of Government but Government themselves and to bring them into contempt and hatred. It suggested that the workers should first destroy the Government of India and then the British Government. It was intended to excite the workers against the Government, and as such was clearly seditious.

Mr. Justice Broomfield concurred with Mr. Mirza.

APPEAL FOR LENIENCY.

Mr. Talyarkhan then pleaded for leniency on behalf of the accused. He said that the accused was a brilliant young man, only 26. Taking his youth into consideration, he appealed for a remission of the sentence.

His Lordship: Will the accused agree to compromise with Government?

Mr. Talyarkhan said he could not say that. But his submission was to give the accused the benefit of his young age.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal, and confirmed the sentence of one year.

CONSOLATION FOR MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES.

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Rules For Grant Of Gratuities.

The statement of objects and reasons of the Bill further to amend the Bombay City Municipalities Act published in the Government Gazette says:—

Section 46-A of the Bombay District Municipal Act, 1901, enables municipalities to frame rules for the grant of gratuities or compassionate allowances to employees in municipal service who die while in service and whose death has not been caused through the execution of their duty. There is no such provision in the Bombay City Municipalities Act, 1925. The Bill is intended to supply this omission.

authorised Agents will be pleased to give any such further information as desired.

NCE FOR ALL. FREE ACCIDENT INSURANCE FOR ALL.

DETAILS ON PAGE 7.

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